# MUTARE COUNCIL SCHOOLS

AGRIC, SCI & TECH PAPER 1
GRADE 6

2ND TERM 2024
TIME: 1Hr 45Mins

1. Which branch of agriculture deals with farm machinery and equipment?
   A) horticulture
   B) agricultural engineering
   C) soil science
   C) agricultural economics

2. _____ is an importance of agriculture at national level
   A) Providing farm manure
   B) Food for the local community
   C) Growing crops at school
   D) Food security

3. How is farm machinery protected from bad weather?
   A) Kept under shade
   B) Kept in an open space
   C) Kept under a tree
   D) Kept in a storeroom

4. Which of the following tools need oiling and greasing?
   A) hand fork   B) garden trowel   C) wheelbarrow   D) rake

5. Purple colour on agrochemical containers represents
   A) slightly toxic   B) extremely toxic   C) toxic   D) non-toxic

6. The diagram below represents a weather instrument. What is it used to measure?

   A) temperature

   B) rainfall

   C) wind speed

   D) wind direction

7. What are the units of measurement for rainfall?
   A) centimetres
   B) degrees celsius
   C) kilometres per hour
   D) millimetres

8. Which soil component has the highest percentage?
   A) organic matter   B) water   C) air   D) mineral matter

9. Define weathering
   A) The breaking down of rocks to form soil
   B) The washing away of top soil
   C) The condition of the atmosphere at any given time
   D) The average weather conditions taken over a long period of time
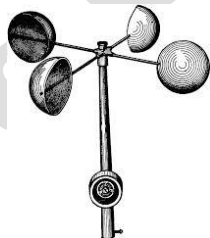
10. _____ is an agent of biological weathering
    A) Tree roots   B) Temperature changes
    C) Freeze and thaw   D) Acid rain

11. Which soil type drains water quickly?
    A) sand   B) clay   C) loam   D) silt

12. Which of the following is an inorganic fertilizer?
    A) compost   B) green manure   C) compound D   D) poultry manure

13. How is liquid manure formed?
    A) Mixing water and animal manure   B) Mixing soil with water
    C) Mixing compound D and water   D) Mixing lime and AN

14. The diagram below show the effect of soil erosion. What is it?

    A) Gully

    B) Siltation

    C) Exposed roots

    D) Damaged roots

15. State one cause of soil pollution
    A) fertilizers   B) organic matter   C) micro-organisms   D) fire

16. One effect of soil pollution is
    A) death of aquatic life   B) soil degradation
    C) soil fertility   D) good harvests

17. _____ is a soil conservation method
    A) Tied ridging   B) Irrigation   C) fertigation   D) eutrophication

18. Which one is **not** a use of water in agriculture?
    A) mixing chemicals   B) cooling engines
    C) diluting mazoe   D) irrigation

19. The following are major plant nutrients, **except**
    A) manganese   B) nitrogen   C) phosphorous   D) potassium

20. How do plants loose water?
    A) transpiration   B) photosynthesis   C) evaporation   D) respiration

21. What is the name of the reproductive part shown below marked X?

A) Penis

B) Uterus

C) Ovary

D) Scrotum
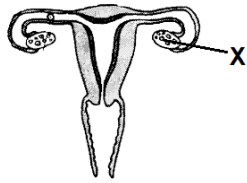
22. Which of the following is a deficiency symptom of protein?
A) kwashiorkor   B) marasmus   C) scurvy   D) rickets

23. _____ is not a child killer disease in Zimbabwe
A) Measles   B) Polio   C) Tuberculosis   D) Gonorrhoea

24. _____ is not a way of spreading HIV/AIDS
A) Mother to child transmission   B) Abstinence
C) Sharing sharp objects   D) Having unprotected sex with an infected person

25. The following are components of the First Aid Kit, **except**
A) bandages   B) elastoplast   C) pain-killers   D) electric bulb

26. An unconscious person is one who is almost
A) thankful   B) lifeless   C) grateful   D) helpful

27. Material in mixtures
A) cannot be separated   B) can be separated physically
C) can only be separated by using a filter   D) can only be separated by using heat

28. When heated, metals
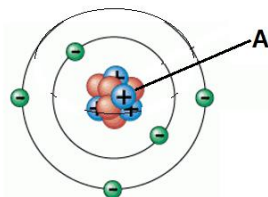A) contract   B) melt   C) freeze   D) expand

29. Which of the following is an example of an element?
A) nitrogen   B) carbon dioxide   C) water   D) liquid

30. The diagram show an atomic structure. Name the part labelled A

A) electron

B) proton

C) nucleus

D) neutron

31. Which one is not a common chemical compound?
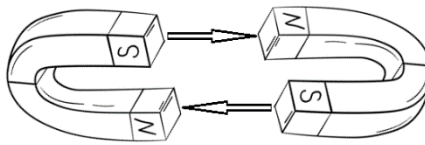A) sodium chloride   B) water   C) carbon dioxide   D) wood

32. The electrical gadget used for keeping food cold and fresh at home is
A) refrigerator   B) computer   C) stove   D) radio

33. The diagram shows a

A) compass

B) magnet

C) rings

D) plugs

34. What is the main source of energy in the water cycle?
A) soil   B) clouds   C) trees   D) sun

35. _____ is an example of a bio-fuel
A) Ethanol   B) Solar   C) Gas   D) Ash

36. A Visual Display Unit can be called
A) monitor   B) mouse   C) camera   D) C.P.U

37. Name the software application icon
A) Share it
B) Instagram
C) Bluetooth
D) Speaker

38. This symbol represents
A) bluetooth
B) skype
C) internet
D) electronics

39. name an input device that can feed prices into a computer
A) mouse   B) scanner   C) camera   D) bar-code reader

40. Which one is not a web browser?
A) Mozilla Firefox   B) Opera Mini   C) Ms Word   D) Google Chrome

MUTARE COUNCIL SCHOOLS

AGRIC, SCI & TECH PAPER 2   **2ND TERM 2024**

GRADE 6   **TIME: 1Hr 30Mins**

SECTION A

Answer _ALL_ questions from this section.

1. a) Name the branch of agriculture that is responsible for the production of the crop below

_____ {1}

 b) Describe one way of maintaining farm tools

_____ {1}

 c) State one health effect of poor handling of agro chemicals

_____ {1}

 d) Define climate

_____ {1}

 e) Identify one agricultural activity done in natural farming region one

_____ {1}

 TOTAL   **{5}**

2. a) Name one cutting tool

_____ {1}

 b) How can a farmer protect his/her tools from rust?

_____ {1}

 c) State one characteristic of a good storage facility for farm tools
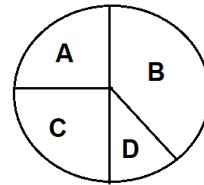
_____ {1}

 d) Where are large farm tools stored?

_____ {1}

e) A book where farm tools are recorded is called

_____ {1}

TOTAL   **{5}**

3. a) Name the soil component B

_____ {1}

b) What percentage is component D?

_____ {1}

c) Which two components have the same percentage?

_____

_____ {1}

d) _____ shows the presence of air in the soil

_____ {1}

e) Give any one source of organic matter

_____ {1}

TOTAL   **{5}**

4. a) Name one state of water

_____ {1}

b) Name one property of water

_____ {1}

c) What name is given to natural fertilizers?

_____ {1}

d) Give one example of straight fertilizers

_____ {1}

e) Name one water borne disease

_____ {1}

TOTAL   **{5}**

5. a) What does CD stand for?

_____ {1}

b) Name one storage device

_____ {1}

c) The following is a picture of

_____ {1}

d) Define hacking

_____ {1}

e) State one type of a hacker

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

<u>SECTION B</u>

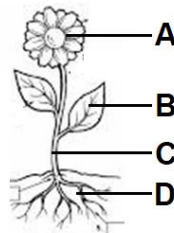**<u>Answer any TWO questions from this section.</u>**

6. a) Define a balanced diet

_____ {1}

b) Name the part labelled D

_____ {1}

c) Fruits develop from the part labelled

_____ {1}

d) State any one example of poultry

_____ {1}

e) _____ is a by-product of poultry

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

7. a) Which gas is released during photosynthesis?

_____ {1}

b) What is chlorophyll?

_____ {1}

c) The tiny pores on leaves is called

_____ {1}

d) One function of the stem is

_____ {1}

e) Photosynthesis takes place in the

_____ {1}

TOTAL   **{5}**

8. a) What is potential energy?

_____ {1}

b) Give an example of potential energy

_____ {1}

c) _____ is a source of renewable energy

_____ {1}

d) Give one way of saving energy

_____ {1}

e) What is the major source of heat energy?

_____ {1}

TOTAL   **{5}**

SECTION C

Answer any TWO questions from this section.

9. a) Identify any element that makes up water

_____ {1}

b) Name any one machine that you use at home

_____ {1}

c) Explain the use of that machine you mentioned above

_____ {1}

d) Name one structure that serves as natural monument in Zimbabwe

_____ {1}

e) What type of electricity is generated at Hwange?

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

10. a) Explain how choking can be prevented while eating

_____ {1}

b) Name any one accident that can occur at school

_____ {1}

c) Define safety

_____ {1}

d) Give a reason why safety drills are done in schools

_____ {1}

e) Which warning is given by this road sign?

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

11. a) State any one enzyme which helps in the digestion of food

_____ {1}

b) What does HIV stand for?

_____ {1}

c) Name any one opportunistic disease

_____ {1}

d) Give one example of an epidemic disease

_____ {1}

e) _____ is an example of a pandemic disease

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

SECTION D

Answer any ONE question from this section.

12. a) List one thing that is stored in a hard drive

_____ {1}

b) Name one network connectivity

_____ {1}

c) List any mobile network operator in Zimbabwe

_____ {1}

d) Which network is faster in data connection, 3G or 4G?

_____ {1}

e) Give one example of a word processor

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

13. a) Give one example of a cyber attack

_____ {1}

b) One example of bad content found on cyber space is

_____ {1}

c) Name one output device

_____ {1}

d) What is used to capture pictures?

_____ {1}

e) What is a computer?

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

MUTARE COUNCIL SCHOOLS

AGRIC, SCI & TECH PAPER 1
GRADE 7

2ND TERM 2024
TIME: 1Hr 45Mins

1. The diagram shows a garden tool.
   The tool is a
   A) hoe
   B) shovel
   C) garden fork
   D) dibber

2. Which department is responsible for producing new crop varieties?
   A) technical and extension services   B) agricultural and rural development services
   C) education and extension services   D) research and specialist services

3. What is the main product of apiculture?
   A) honey   B) manure   C) flowers   D) candle wax

4. _____ is not a career opportunity in agriculture
   A) Meat inspector   B) Agronomist   C) Agriculture teacher   D) Poet

5. Where in a storeroom should a shovel be placed?
   A) on racks   B) on rafters   C) on the floor   D) in the corner

6. The average condition of the atmosphere recorded over many years is
   A) weather   B) humidity   C) climate   D) forecast

7. Which type of farming is practiced in national region 5?
   A) intensive   B) semi-intensive   C) extensive   D) diversified farming

8. Which region of Zimbabwe is coffee grown?
   A) 1   B) 2   C) 3   D) 4

9. What causes climate change?
   A) global warming   B) too much rainfall
   C) humidity   D) drought

10. What is the benefit of the Land Reform Program?
    A) It created overpopulation   B) It spreads diseases
    C) It caused overgrazing   D) It promoted fair distribution of land

11. One effect of wrong handling of agrochemicals is
   A) stomach discomfort   B) HIV/AIDS
   C) getting drunk   D) bumper harvest

Study the graph below on rainfall recordings and answer the questions that follow
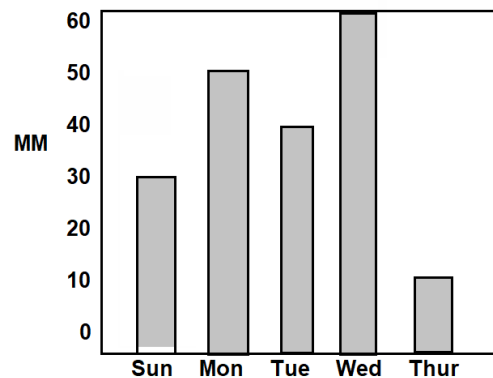
12. Which day received the highest rainfall?
   A) Sunday   B) Monday   C) Tuesday   D) Wednesday

13. Find the average rainfall received
   A) 190mm   B) 152mm   C) 38mm   D) 83mm

14. Which one is not a farming system?
   A) shifting cultivation   B) subsistence farming
   C) commercial farming   D) mixed farming

15. What causes chemical weathering in soil formation?
   A) temperature changes   B) small animals
   C) plant roots   D) acid rain

16. Organic matter improves the soil's
   A) component   B) structure   C) profile   D) texture

17. Chido carried out a soil sample experiment. The sample of oven dried soil weighed 80g. The soil was heated for 20 minutes. It was reweighed to 75g.
   Calculate the difference in weight.
   A) 100g   B) 60g   C) 05g   D) 75g

18. The difference in weight represents
   A) air   B) water   C) organic matter   D) mineral matter

19. Nitrogen deficiency in plants can be corrected by
   A) applying manure
   B) applying compound D fertilizer
   C) applying ammonium nitrate fertilizer
   D) removing the plants and planting legumes

20. Plants get most of their nutrients in horizon

    A) horizon A   B) horizon B   C) horizon C   D) horizon D

21. Deoxygenated blood is blood that

    A) carries oxygen
    B) carries carbon dioxide
    C) has got oxygen and carbon dioxide
    D) does not have both oxygen and carbon dioxide

22. A system in the body responsible for breathing is the

    A) circulatory   B) digestive   C) reproductive   D) respiratory

23. The picture shows a woman with a deficiency disease associated with diet. The condition is called

    A) kwashiorkor

    B) goitre

    C) night blindness

    D) marasmus

24. _____ is an example of a sexually transmitted infection

    A) Asthma   B) Gonorrhoea   C) Typhoid   D) Dysentery

25. Which statement is true about bulimia?

    A) Avoids eating food in order to starve
    B) Eats more food than necessary
    C) Overeats food then forces vomiting
    D) Eats an unbalanced diet regularly

26. CPR in first aid stands for

    A) Cardiovascular Permanent Resuscitation
    B) Clinical Pulmonary Resuscitation
    C) Cardiovascular Pulmonary Resuscitation
    D) Central Pulmonary resuscitation

27. A fuel is any substance that provides

    A) strength   B) wood   C) water   D) energy

28. Iron steel bars are usually used in constructing

    A) wooden cabins   B) cupboards   C) chairs   D) buildings and bridges

29. Electricity is generated from heat by

    A) hydro energy   B) nuclear energy   C) thermal energy   D) wind energy

30. Why are fluorescent bulbs called energy savers?

    A) They use too much electricity   B) They use special electricity
    C) They are cheap   D) They use less energy to generate light

31. Which component controls the flow of current in the forward direction only?

A) diode   B) inductor   C) transistor   D) resistor

32. Which form of energy enables us to see images?

A) light energy   B) heat energy   C) electrical energy   D) reflective energy

33. Where is gastric juice found?
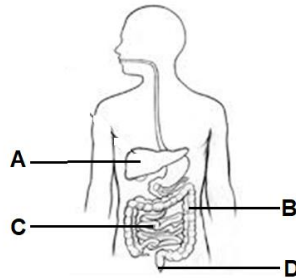
34. Which letter represents large intestines?

35. Unlike poles in magnetic forces

A) repel   B) attract   C) melt   D) sound

36. USB stands for

A) Universal Serial Bus   B) Universal Saved Bus

C) Uniformed Serial Bus   D) Universal Serial Boot

37. The diagram below represents

A) a wifi router

B) a flash

C) a mouse

D) a computer

38. Why is creating back-up important for a machine?

A) When it crashes, recovery process will be easy

B) For sending information on the internet

C) To keep out intruders

D) To protect the machine from being stolen

39. _____ describes Windows XP

A) A database application   B) An antivirus scanner

C) A back-up utility   D) An operating system

40. Which one of the following is an advantage of bus topology?

A) It is easy to install

B) It becomes too slow if many nodes are connected

C) Length of the cable is limited

D) If cable is damaged, the whole network fails

SECTION A - (25 Marks)

Answer _ALL_ questions from this section.

X
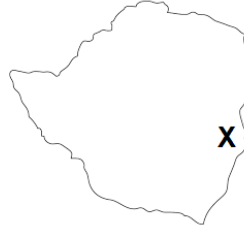
1. a) Which natural farming region is marked X?

_____ {1}

b) Give one importance of agriculture to the family

_____ {1}

c) A branch that deals with construction of dams at a farm is

_____ {1}

d) The diagram shows a tool used in agriculture. Name the tool

_____ {1}

e) Describe its function

_____ {1}

TOTAL　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　**{5}**

2. a) Name any one tool that is kept on a tool board

_____ {1}

b) Which tool is used for transplanting seedlings?

_____ {1}

c) Identify one way a farmer maintains a wheelbarrow

_____ {1}

d) State any one month in post-rainy season

_____ {1}

e) Name any one macro-organism

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

3. a) What is photosynthesis?

_____ {1}

b) What is the function of the part labelled X?
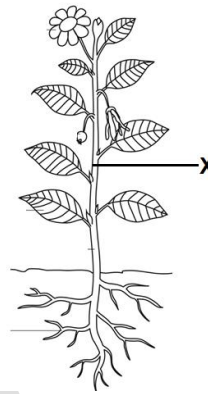
_____ {1}

c) Where is food processed in the above diagram?

_____ {1}

d) State one management practice in orchards

_____ {1}

e) Name one pest that attacks tomatoes

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

4. a) Define the term respiration

_____ {1}

b) Which air is exhaled by the human respiratory system?

_____ {1}

c) One type of gut worm is

_____ {1}

d) Which deficiency disease is caused by lack of vitamin D?

_____ {1}

e) The diagram below shows
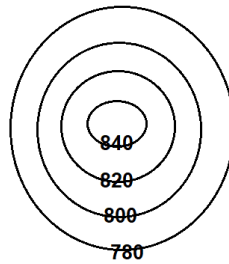
_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

5. a) State the type of network shown below
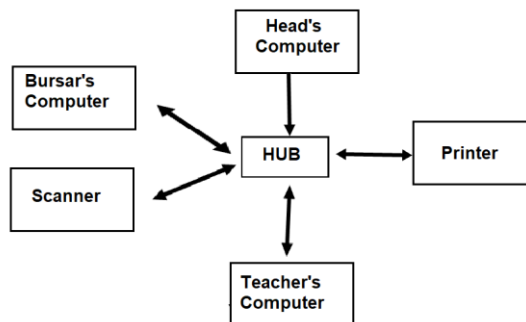
_____ {1}

b) _____ is an example of an antivirus

_____ {1}

c) ATM stands for

_____ {1}

d) Name any hardware related problem

_____ {1}

e) Name one function of Ms Excel

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

SECTION B

Answer any TWO questions from this section.

6. a) What is apiculture?

_____ {1}

b) Name one artificial type of beehive

_____ {1}

c) Give one product of apiculture

_____ {1}

d) _____ is a by-product of apiculture

_____ {1}

e) Name one use of honey

_____ {1}

TOTAL   **{5}**

7. a) The diagram shows a farm equipment. Name the machine in the picture

_____ {1}

b) One implement drawn by this machine is

_____ {1}

c) Why should commercial farmers own this machine?

_____ {1}

d) Describe the care and maintenance of this machine

_____ {1}

e) Give one disadvantage of the machine

_____ {1}

TOTAL   **{5}**

8. a) Name any one fowl disease

_____ {1}

b) What is a parasite?

_____ {1}

c) _____ is an example of an internal parasite

_____ {1}

d) What are external parasites?

_____ {1}

e) Name one by-product of chickens

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

SECTION C

Answer any TWO questions from this section.

9. a) Define epidemic diseases

_____ {1}

b) Give one reason why you would discourage he production of genetically
    modified food in Zimbabwe

_____ {1}

c) One food stuff that can be canned is

_____ {1}

d) Give one example of a chronic disease

_____ {1}

e) Which human organ can be affected by tuberculosis?

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

10. a) What is global warming?

_____ {1}

b) Name one cause of global warming

_____ {1}

c) _____ is an example of a greenhouse gas

_____ {1}

d) What migratory measure can be done to reduce the effects of global warming?

_____ {1}

e) Name one effect of global warming

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

11. a) The diagram shows a danger warning sign. What does the warning sign mean?

_____ {1}

b) What name is given to informing horizontal lines on the earth's surface?

_____ {1}

c) How many degrees is the equator?

_____ {1}

d) One wire that carries electrical charge is called

_____ {1}

e) Name one electrical gadget that can be used at school

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

SECTION D

Answer any ONE question from this section.

12. a) i) Name this gadget

_____ {1}

ii) State its use

_____ {1}

b) What is cyber wellness?

_____ {1}

c) _____ happens when a weak password is used

_____ {1}

d) Name any one form of cyber bullying

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

13. a) Name one basic use of a computer

_____   {1}

b) How do you solve the problem of a computer running slowly?

_____   {1}

c) Which ICT tool is used to control the flow of traffic in a busy town?

_____   {1}

d) Which software is used to fight and defend computer programs from harm?

_____   {1}

e) Name the device shown on the diagram below

_____   {1}

TOTAL   **{5}**

MUTARE COUNCIL SCHOOLS

ENGLISH PAPER 1
GRADE 6

2ND TERM 2024
TIME: 1Hr 30Mins

Read the passage and answer the questions that follow.

The Merchant and Her Daughters

There was once a rich merchant who had three pretty daughters. The merchant gave them all that money could buy, for he was very rich. The name of the youngest was Beauty. She was so kind and gentle that everyone loved her. She was the merchant's favourite child.

One day the merchant heard that all his ships had been lost at sea and that he was moneyless. He sold his fine house and fleet of cars to pay his debts. When he had done this he took his three daughters into the rural areas to live there. The merchant and his daughters no longer wore fine clothes. Beauty looked beautiful even in her ragged dresses. She did not complain, but grieved because her father was so upset. She cooked, sewed and worked in the fields. Her sisters complained and did nothing to help their father.

One day, a messenger brought news that the merchant had chance of saving some of his fortune. He went to the port and saved one of his ships which had a lot of money. He came back home with a lovely present for Beauty and nothing for her sisters. That is when the eldest sisters learnt to grieve with others.

Adapted from: Fairy Tales by De Beaumont

Comprehension Questions

1.   How many daughters did the merchant have?
     A) one   B) three   C) none   D) two

2. What did the merchant give to her daughters?
    A) money   B) nothing   C) riches   D) ships

3. Who was Beauty?
    A) The merchant's eldest daughter   B) The merchant's second daughter
    C) The merchant's youngest daughter   D) The merchant's only daughter

4. Where did the merchant get the money to pay his debt?
    A) From the sale of his fleet of ships   B) From the sale of his fleet of cars
    C) From the sale of his house and cars   D) From the sale of his house only

5. In the rural areas, Beauty wore _____ clothes
    A) new   B) old   C) oversized   D) ragged

6. From the passage the word 'fortune' means
    A) wealth   B) money   C) cars   D) houses

7. The story teaches us to
   A) ignore those who are suffering   B) live in the rural areas
   C) sympathise with others   D) laugh at the poor people

Language Structures
Choose the correct word to complete each of the following sentences.

8. The merchant had a _____ of commuter omnibuses at the port.
   A) collection   B) fleet   C) company   D) troop

9. The youngest daughter was given a _____ of flowers by her father.
   A) group   B) bouquet   C) bunch   D) packet

10. After a long struggle with depression, the merchant _____ passed on
    A) always   B) rarely   C) eventually   D) usually

11. Beauty is the only daughter _____ grieved with her father.
    A) whose   B) which   C) who   D) that

12. Of the three sisters, the _____ complained most.
    A) elder   B) eldest   C) older   D) young

13. All the merchant's chips had been lost _____ sea.
    A) in   B) on   C) at   D) under

Read the passage and answer the questions that follow.

Recipe For Fertile Garden Soil

There is a garden at Innocent Kundiona's surgery which is located along Cleveland Avenue in Milton Park, Harare. The gardener responsible for maintaining the place is Matches Kamukono. For a garden to flourish, a good recipe is needed. One way of ensuring that you have fertile soil for your plants is composting organic matter regularly. You then apply the resultant manure into the soil. The secret to greening up your space successfully is making your own compost. A compost needs three parts carbon (dry matter like saw dust, dry leaves, grass and newspapers) and one part nitrogen (green stuff such as fresh grass and fresh manure). This is how nature makes its own manure. If you look at the forest floor you will find lots of dead leaves and twigs that accumulate and a few green leaves. When making a compost choose a level site and mix the proportions as indicated above. Make sure it is in a sunny position as composts need heat. Also have a black plastic sheet ready as a form of cover, especially when it rains.
(Source: Sunday Mail, 14 April 2024 by Andrew Mangwarara)

Comprehension Questions
14. Who is the owner of the garden?
    A) Milton Park   B) Innocent Kundiona
    C) Matches Kamukono   D) Andrew

15. In which suburb is the garden located?
    A) Cleveland Avenue   B) Recipe   C) Harare   D) Milton Park

16. What is a gardener?
    A) Someone responsible for maintaining a compost.
    B) Someone responsible for maintaining a garden.
    C) Someone who works in a surgery.
    D) Someone who is hardworking.

17. How many parts of carbon does a compost have?
    A) 4   B) 2   C) 3   D) 1

18. Why should we put a compost in a sunny position?
    A) It needs the sun   B) It needs rain
    C) It needs twigs   D) It needs heat

19. The mixture of carbon and nitrogen is
    A) 4:2   B) 3:5   C) 3:1   D) 4:1

20. What is the source of the article?
    A) Andrew Mangwarara   B) 14 April 2024
    C) The Sunday Mail, 14 April 2024   D) Matches Kamukono 2024

Language Structures:

21. The gardener was _____ stealing tomatoes.
    A) coat   B) caught   C) cot   D) court

22. The garden belongs to Innocent. _____
    A) Does it?   B) Didn't it?   C) Did it?   D) Doesn't it?

23. The tomatoes were _____ by Matches.
    A) grew   B) grown   C) growing   D) grow

24. "I am angry _____ you Matches," said the farmer.
    A) at   B) for   C) of   D) by

25. Innocent thought that it _____ rain.
    A) is   B) would   C) will   D) was

26. When the farmer called the gardener he said, "Hello! May I speak to the gardener?"
    His response was
    A) It's me   B) How are you?   C) Speaking   D) It's fine

Read the passage and answer the questions that follow

Matera Ruins
Along the road from Matendera Ruins and less than 100m from Ruti Dam is a dysfunctional private property. The private property was once used as a hotel. National museums and monuments eastern region acting director, Mr Lloyd Makenya said the property can be used as a tourist attraction.

The local community has to form structured traditional dance groups which can perform indigenous traditional dances and music which will be exhibited to tourists at Matendera Ruins. Cultural groups will be engaged from the local community to stage performances for visiting tourists and receive tokens of appreciation afterwards. Traditional games such as 'tsoro' can be introduced at the site as well as a traditional healer to share indigenous knowledge systems unique to the area.

"The community can also provide accommodation and traditional meals in their homes for a fee to enhance the cultural experiences of visitors. This can form part of the cultural tours the community can develop for tourists. Promoting greater community participations in the project will make them have a sense of ownership of the project," he said.

Adapted from: The Manica Post, 5 April 2024

Comprehension Questions

27. Matera Ruins is found
    A) at a private property   B) at the national museum
    C) near Ruti Dam   D) in the Eastern Region

28. The property was once used as a
    A) church   B) school   C) museum   D) hotel

29. The acting director wants the place to be converted to be a
    A) game park   B) tourist attraction   C) hotel   D) supermarket

30. Who is going to benefit if the place is transformed?
    A) The director   B) The school children
    C) The community at large   D) The tourists

31. One traditional game named in the passage is
    A) tokens   B) netball   C) tsoro   D) project

32. What can the community provide to the tourists at the same time getting a living out of it?
    A) Accommodation and cultural experiences
    B) Accommodation and traditional meals
    C) Accommodation and language
    D) Accommodation and projects

33. According to the passage, "the project will make the community have a sense of ownership" means
    A) the project will be for the director
    B) the project will be for the chief
    C) the project will be for the entire community
    D) the project will be for the traditional healers

Language Structures
Choose the best word to complete each of the following sentences.

34. Mr Makonya _____ addressed the villagers
A) herself
B) himself
C) itself
D) oneself

35. Many cultural groups are going to perform some dances, _____?
A) are they
B) aren't they
C) will they
D) won't they

36. Traditional games as well as traditional dances _____ to be performed.
A) is
B) are
C) has
D) will

37. The tourists were _____ excited that they promised to visit again.
A) very
B) too
C) so
D) even

38. The community is benefiting from _____ projects.
A) they
B) there
C) their
D) they're

39. If I _____ a traditional healer, I would help my community.
A) was
B) were
C) am
D) can

40. The community will develop _____ all people participate.
A) unless
B) if
C) until
D) despite

MUTARE COUNCIL SCHOOLS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

❖ **Answer ALL the questions on the answer paper.**

  In section A choose either 1(a) or 1(b)

❖ **Write ALL sentences in good grammar and punctuate them correctly**

❖ **You are advised to spend one hour on Section A and 45 minutes on Section B**

****

SECTION A (20 Marks)
You are advised to spend one hour on this section

1. Answer either question 1 (a) or 1 (b)

Either

a) Your friend is addicted to drugs. Write an e-mail advising him/her on the dangers of drug and substance abuse. Your e-mail should be between 80 – 120 words in length. Use the following points and any other you may think of to write your e-mail.

  ➢ Which drugs are being abused
  ➢ His or her behavior after taking drugs
  ➢ Effects of drug and substance abuse
  ➢ What he or she should do to stop taking drugs

Or

b) Your school has won $1000USD in the just ended City of Mutare Council Schools games. Write a letter to the mayor thanking him or her for the donation. Your letter should be between 80 – 120 words in length. Use the following points below and any other you may think of to write your letter.

  ➢ Where and when the games were played
  ➢ How you are going to use the money as a school
  ➢ How you feel about the donation
  ➢ Any other assistance you look forward to from the Mutare City Council

SECTION B – (15 Marks)
Read the passage and answer the questions that follow.
You are advised to spend 45 minutes on this section.

Tale of Tamari

Tamari was in Grade 6A. At break time Tamari went to find her friend Linda who was in 6B. Together they went to the tuck shop and bought some buns and freezits. Linda was her best friend. Linda's mother knitted doillies for sale and her father worked at the railways. Linda had two young sisters and they seemed a happy family. At least they were a normal family. Tamari remembered when her mother had died. They had buried her at the cemetery right next to where they had earlier buried Tamari's father. Linda had knelt and laid flowers at the new mound of earth and cried, as if Tamari's mother was her own. Linda and her mother had come to keep her company and sleep with her at night. Tamari and her brother, Kuda, lived in one room. The house was theirs and had four rooms. When their parents died, lodgers had moved into the other three rooms. Sisi Maphosa lived in the main bedroom. An old man nicknamed M'dara Zuze lived in the other room, while the kitchen was occupied by a young man named Mukoma Mandla.

Adapted from: Tale of Tamari by Shimmer Chinodya, Weaver Press, Harare

Comprehension Questions:

a) Who was Tamari's best friend? {1}

b) What did Tamari and her friend buy at break time? {2}

c) How many children were in Linda's family? {1}

d) What kind of family was Tamari's? {1}

e) According to the author, what is a normal family? {1}

f) Tamari's parents were dead, so Tamari was an _____ {1}

g) How many lodgers lived at Tamari's house? {1}

h) What did Linda's father do for a living? {1}

i) Which word in the passage is a synonym of the word graveyard? {1}

j) Write a summary of what Linda did when Tamari's mother had died.

Your summary should be 40 words in length.

Begin you summary as follow: Linda knelt, …………………….. {5}

TOTAL **{15}**

Read the passage and answer the questions that follow.

Banana Processing Plant for Hauna

The first phase of the construction of the banana powder or flour processing plant at Hauna Growth Point in Mutasa has commenced and is expected to offer a lasting solution to challenges faced by horticultural producers in the province. The processing plant, the first in Manicaland, will extend the shelf life of fruits and vegetables by reducing spoilage and increasing the time they can be stored and consumed, making them available year-round by preserving them in different forms such as frozen, canned or dried. It will also reduce the risk of food-borne illness by eliminating harmful bacteria and other pathogens as well as reduce food waste by making use of fruits and vegetables that may be too ripe, damaged or unsold in their fresh state.

The project is set to benefit six hundred farmers directly and sustain more than two thousand other farmers from Manicaland. When all the phases of the projects are finished, horticulture producers will be linked to lucrative local, regional and international markets.

Adapted from: Manica Post, 7 April 2024

Comprehension Questions

1. Where is the banana processing plant?
   B) Harare   B) Mutare   C) Hauna   D) Buhera

2. The processing plant is expected to help
   A) villagers   B) teachers   C) provinces   D) horticultural producers

3. The following are methods of preserving food, **except**
   A) consuming   B) canning   C) drying   D) freezing

4. Where do we find Hauna Growth Point?
   A) Dangamvura   B) Hobhouse   C) Mutasa   D) Fern Valley

5. Food-borne illness can be caused by
   A) fruits   B) waste   C) pathogens   D) ripe

6. Which word in the passage means the same as abolishing?
   A) commencing   B) eliminating   C) consuming   D) harmful

Language Questions

7. There were _____ banana processing plants in Manicaland.
   A) scarcely   B) neither   C) hardly any   D) none

8. The farmers will benefit _____ the inactive foreign markets.
   A) to   B) from   C) at   D) with

9. The _____ uses banana flour to bake buns.
   A) restorant   B) reasterant   C) restaurant   D) resturation

10. The project was _____ successful.
    A) quit   B) quite   C) quiete   D) quiet

11. _____ farmers, the project can also benefit the local community.
    A) Aside   B) Beside   C) Besides   D) Besit

12. If I had found a lucrative market for my fruits, I _____ have made a lot of money.
    A) will   B) can   C) would   D) must

13. Which sentence is correctly punctuated?
    A) In Manicaland, we grow the following fruits, bananas, apples and naartjies.
    B) In Manicaland we grow the following fruits, bananas, apples and naartjies.
    C) In Manicaland we grow the following fruits, bananas, apples, and naartjies.
    D) In Manicaland, we grow the following fruits: bananas, apples and naartjies.

Read the passage and answer the questions that follow.

Siblings Drown in Swimming Expedition

A swimming expedition ended in tragedy after two siblings from Nyamira Village in Mutasa District drowned recently. Melinia aged ten years and Nokutenda aged twelve years left home to do some laundry at a nearby dam, when tragedy struck. When they finished washing their school uniforms, they decided to embark on a swimming expedition. Melinia drowned and after realising that she was in trouble, Nokutenda tried to rescue her, but she also drowned in the process. The third juvenile who had refused to swim rushed home to report what had happened. The police were informed and they attended the scene. They retrieved the deceased bodies from the dam. A sombre atmosphere engulfed the Nyamira village as the two coffins lay side by side on the day of the burial. The police assistant inspector Chinyoka said no foul play is suspected. He warned young children to desist from swimming and playing in water bodies.
Adapted from: The Manica Post, 12 April 2024

Comprehension Questions:

14. How many children drowned in the dam?
    A) three   B) two   C) four   D) ten

15. Who tried to help Melania?
    A) Chinyoka   B) Nyamira   C) Nokutenda   D) police

16. Children from the same family are known as
    A) friends   B) siblings   C) sisters   D) brothers

17. Who retrieved the deceased's bodies from the dam?
    A) Nokutenda   B) Nyamira   C) the police   D) Chinyoka

18. A _____ who refuses to swim rushed home to report the matter.
    A) police   B) boy   C) inspector   D) juvenile

19. The word sombre means the same as
    A) happy   B) gloomy   C) poor   D) drowned

20. The following are water bodies, **except**
    A) river   B) stadium   C) dam   D) lake

Language Questions:

21. The two siblings were washing _____ school uniforms.
    A) they   B) the   C) there   D) their

22. Nokutenda was two years _____ than Melania.
    A) older   B) oldest   C) old   D) more old

23. The police inspector gave the children
    A) advising   B) advice   C) advise   D) advised

24. _____ Nokutenda is around, her sister behaves herself.
    A) Whatever   B) Whichever   C) Whenever   D) Where ever

25. The children must desist _____ swimming in dams.
    A) at   B) with   C) in   D) from

26. The police suspected no foul play. _____?
    A) Didn't they   B) Were they   C) Did they   D) Are they

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.

Maritsa Dreams Big

At the age of eighteen years, Natsiraishe Maritsa is making a difference in her community after taking it upon herself to fight child marriage and pregnancy which are some of the major problems affecting young girls. Maritsa founded the Vulnerable Under aged People's Organisation to fight against child marriages and pregnancy. This was after losing friends, classmates and relatives to child marriages and teenage pregnancy.

The resources she used to back her idea come from a sport called taekwondo. She takes care of girls between the ages of ten and eighteen in her Epworth community, south-east of the capital of Zimbabwe. Taking into consideration that there are a number of factors that lead to child marriages including peer pressure, poverty, cultural and religious beliefs among others, Maritsa has also engaged parents. "So far I have seen great changes for all the girls that I have enrolled in the programme. I haven't heard any of them got married or fell pregnant since 2019 until now. So indeed, it is a great achievement and a lot of parents are supporting me," said Maritsa.
Adapted from: The Sunday Mail, 21 July 2022

Comprehension Questions:

27. How old was Natsiraishe Maritsa?
    A) twenty years   B) nineteen years   C) seventeen years   D) eighteen years

28. Which two problems mentioned in the passage are affecting young girls?
    A) Child marriage and pregnancy   B) Community problems and poverty
    C) Water problems and sexual abuse   D) Religious and cultural problems

29. In which city does Natsiraishe Maristsa live?
    A) Bulawayo   B) Gweru   C) Harare   D) Mutare

30. What led her to start the organisation?
    A) The sport of Taekwondo
    B) Peer pressure and child marriags
    C) Losing friends, classmates and relatives to child marriages
    D) Child marriages and teenage pregnancies in the city

31. Which statement is true about Natsiraishe?
    A) She takes care of girls between ten and eleven.
    B) She takes care of girls between fifteen and eighteen.
    C) She takes care of girls between fifteen and twenty.
    D) She takes care of girls between ten and eighteen.

32. According to the passage, how many factors are leading to child marriages?
    A) four   B) three   C) two   D) one

Language Questions:
Choose the correct word to complete each sentence.

33. Which of the following words has a different initial sound?
    A) problems   B) pregnancy   C) poverty   D) pressure

34. The pregnant girl _____ home like a drunkard.
    A) limped   B) sprinted   C) sprawled   D) staggered

35. The antonym of the word poverty is
    A) prosperity   B) poor   C) hungry   D) idle

36. The pregnant girls were as lonely as
    A) the men   B) a ghost town   C) the community   D) poverty

37. Her _____ was heard from afar.
    A) laugh   B) laughter   C) laughing   D) laughed

38. Natsiraishe helped a _____ of girls to the social welfare.
    A) group   B) crowd   C) gang   D) bevy

39. Which sentence is correctly punctuated?
   A) Her daughter is pregnant, said the doctor.
   B) "Her daughter is pregnant," said the doctor.
   C) "Her daughter is pregnant "said the doctor"
   D) Her daughter is pregnant, "said the doctor"

40. Which of these words appear last when arranged in alphabetical order?
   A) peer   B) classmate   C) vulnerable   D) teenage

MUTARE COUNCIL SCHOOLS

ENGLISH PAPER 2   **2ND TERM 2024**
GRADE 7   **TIME: 1Hr 45Mins**

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- ❖ **Answer ALL the questions on the answer paper.**

  In section A choose either 1(a) or 1(b)
- ❖ **Write ALL sentences in good grammar and punctuate them correctly**
- ❖ **You are advised to spend one hour on Section A and 45 minutes on Section B**

****

SECTION A (20 Marks)
You are advised to spend one hour on this section

2. Answer either question 1 (a) or 1 (b)

Either

c) One of the classroom blocks at your school has been gutted by fire recently. As a school head boy or head girl, write a report to the Provincial Education Director (PED) telling him or her of what happened on that day. Your report should be between 80 – 120 words in length. Use the following points and any other you may think of to write your report.

- ➢ When the incident happened
- ➢ What caused the fire
- ➢ Which property got burned
- ➢ Who assisted in extinguishing the inferno

Or

d) Your school took part in a recently organized City of Mutare Council Schools games (CMCSG). Write a brief article about what happened. Your article should be between 80 – 120 words in length. Use the following points below and any other you may think of to write your article.

- ➢ Where and when the ball games were played
- ➢ Who organized the competitions
- ➢ Number of schools that participated
- ➢ Types of games played
- ➢ Winners and prizes awarded

SECTION B – Comprehension (15 Marks)

You are advised to spend 45 minutes on this section.

Read the following passage very carefully before you attempt any questions.

Answer ALL the questions in full sentences. You are advised to write your sentences in good grammar and punctuate them correctly

No sooner had he approached the footbridge, than he perceived that there was someone following him like a faithful shadow. He increased his pace to farther outwalk his pursuer. Should he stop, the person behind would also stop, imitating all his actions. Dennis evaded the footbridge not out of fear but he wanted to have closer contact with flowing water. Secondly he wanted to know whether the rains had began falling upstream. He crossed the stream courtesy of some stones lined up across. After crossing, he walked briskly without looking back avoiding what Lot's wife did.

The stream was a demarcation line that separated the two high density suburbs. He increased his strides for a few more metres, however, before he went past detached and semi-detached blocks of dilapidated houses, he heard a commanding voice from behind, "Stop! Any movements from now, you'll get pieces of your meats all over this place!", without uttering a single word, the man complied. To his utter amazement, Dennis saw three more hoodlums appearing from nowhere as backups, one to his left, one to his right and the last one ahead of him. The one at the back boomed again, "Search him Tawanda, take all possessions like smart phones, cash and jewellery. If he doesn't have valuables, he will pay heavily in kind…."

Tawanda moved a step forward and stood face to face with his would-be victim. He bent over cautiously and searched all the pockets of his denim trousers and that of his cloak. After the search, Tawanda gave a sigh of relief, "Boss Blessing, this pauper has nothing, he should pay in kind……"

Comprehension Questions:

a) Who was being followed?	{1}
b) Give two reasons why the man avoided the footbridge	{2}
c) Write any item targeted by the robbers	{1}
d) What boarders the two residential areas?	{1}
e) Which word in the passage means the same as 'poor'?	{1}
f) How many men are in the story?	{1}

g) The word dilapidated as used in the passage means…….. {1}

h) Why did Dennis walk quickly? {1}

i) Why do you think that the hoodlums were going to beat up Dennis? {1}

j) In not more than 50 words, write a summary of what Dennis did from the

time he crossed the stream.

Begin your summary as follows: After crossing the stream, Dennis……. {5}

TOTAL **{15}**

1. The number shown on the abacus is

    B) 342

    C) 3 024

    D) 3 042

    E) 30 042
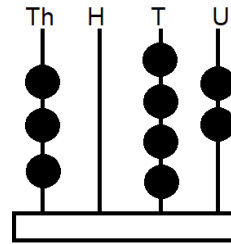
2. 10 405 in words is
    A) Ten thousand four hundred and five   B) One thousand four hundred and five
    C) Ten thousand and forty five   D) Ten thousand five hundred and four

3. Which one is not a prime number?
    A) 2   B) 9   C) 5   D) 7

4. The mixed number shown below is
    A) $2\frac{1}{2}$ B) $2\frac{1}{4}$

    C) $2\frac{3}{4}$ D) $2\frac{2}{3}$
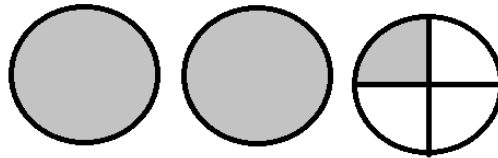
5. $6\frac{2}{3}$ as an improper fraction is

    A) $\frac{11}{3}$ B) $\frac{15}{3}$ C) $\frac{18}{3}$ D) $\frac{20}{3}$

6. Give the value of the underlined digit in 1**7**,23
    A) 70   B) 700   C) 7 000   D) 7

7. Subtract 0,49 from 1
    A) 0,48   B) 1,49   C) 1,61   D) 0,51

8. 9 out of 25 as a percentage is
    A) 36 %   B) 9 %   C) 4 %   D) 13 %

9. How many hours and minutes are there between 7:40am and 10:30am?
    A) 3 hours   B) 4 hours 10 minutes
    C) 2 hours 50 minutes   D) 3 hours 50 minutes

10.   15 643
   +   7 587
   ‾‾‾‾

A) 23 130   B) 22 120   C) 23 230   D) 8 056

11. $\dfrac{7}{8}$ — $\dfrac{3}{4}$

A) $\dfrac{1}{8}$ B) $\dfrac{4}{8}$ C) $\dfrac{4}{4}$ D) $\dfrac{13}{8}$

12. Name the shape

A) equilateral triangle

B) scalene triangle

C) isosceles triangle

D) right angled triangle
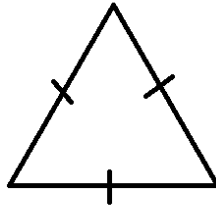
13. The answer we get after dividing numbers is called the
A) divisor   B) quotient   C) product   D) dividend

14. The HCF of 18 and 24 is
A) 6   B) 9   C) 72   D) 24

15. 2 + 3 x 5 =
A) 17   B) 11   C) 13   D) 25

16. What is the value of two $20 notes, three $2 notes and three 5c coins?
A) $27,00   B) $61,00   C) $40,17   D) $46,15

17. In grade 6A there are 45 learners, in 6B 38 learners and in 6C 42 learners.
How many learners are there altogether?
A) 125   B) 115   C) 161   D) 135

18. Find the distance right round the shape

A) 12cm

B) 36cm

C) 24cm

D) 18cm

6cm
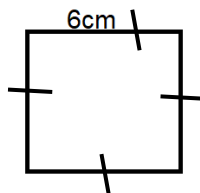
19. Pat and Bill shared $20 in the ratio 1:4 respectively. How much did Bill get?
A) $4   B) $20   C) $16   D) $5

20. $\frac{2}{5}$ of a kg is

    A) 0,4kg   B) 4kg   C) 400kg   D) 200kg

21. 17 45 in 12 hour notation is

    A) 5:45am   B) 5:45pm   C) 05:45   D) 17:45

22. A motor car does 90km in one hour. Travelling at the same speed the distance covered in 90 minutes is

    A) 270km   B) 135km   C) 810km   D) 60km

23. Calculate the area of the triangle below

    A) 24cm^2

    B) 24cm

    C) 20cm^2

    D) 120cm^2

24. Uncle Joe was 53 years in 1960. He was born in

    A) 2010   B) 1917   C) 1927   D) 1907

25. Find the volume of a cube measuring 5cm

    A) 25cm^3 B) 125cm^2 C) 125cm^3 D) 5cm^3

26. Which year was not a leap year?

    A) 1964   B) 1969   C) 1940   D) 1972

27. $\frac{3}{4}$ of 96

    A) 72   B) 24   C) 62   D) 14

28. $2\frac{1}{4}$ as a decimal fraction is

    A) 2,015   B) 2,25   C) 2,14   D) 2,0

29. $100 decreased by 10%

    A) $10   B) $80   C) $9   D) $90

30. Find the product of 0,2 and 0,2

    A) 0,4   B) 4,0   C) 0,04   D) 0,02

31. The gross mass is 176g. The net mass is 100g. Find the mass of the empty tin.

    A) 76g   B) 276g   C) 100g   D) 1,76g

32. The horizontal line is

A) AD

B) AC

C) AB

D) BD
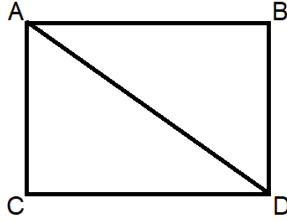
33. A drum contains $350l$ of water. How many $50l$ containers will be taken from the drum?

A) 7 B) 400 C) 300 D) 70

34. $8 \div \dfrac{2}{3}$

A) $1\dfrac{1}{3}$ B) $5\dfrac{1}{3}$ C) $8\dfrac{2}{3}$ D) 12

35. How many lines of symmetry does a regular heptagon?

A) 6 B) 5 C) 7 D) 8

36. An angle less than 90^0 is

A) an acute B) an obtuse C) a reflex D) a right angle

37. A class has 49 learners. Write the number of learners in Roman numerals

A) LXIX B) XXXXIX C) LIX D) XLIX

38. 3 men take 10 days to build a hut. How many days will 6 men take to build the same amount of huts?

A) 20 days B) 5 days C) 10 days D) 15 days

39. The diameter of a circle is 15cm. find the radius

A) 30 B) 8,5 C) 7,5 D) 7

40. The sum of two numbers is 240. The one number is 140. The other number is

A) 180 B) 100 C) 380 D) 40

MUTARE COUNCIL SCHOOLS

MATHS PAPER 2
GRADE 6

2ND TERM 2024
TIME: 2 Hours

SECTION A (25 Marks)
Answer *ALL* questions from this section. Clearly show the working.

1. a) Write the value of the underlined digit in 8,$\underline{7}$9
   b) Round off 1 467 to the nearest 10

   Answers: a) _____ {1}

   b) _____ {1}

   TOTAL **{2}**

2. a) 62% = $\dfrac{62}{\square}$

   b) $4\dfrac{3}{9}$ as an improper fraction

   Answers: a) _____ {1}

   b) _____ {1}

   TOTAL **{2}**

3. $\dfrac{2}{3}$ of a number is 30. What is the number?

   Answer: _____ {2}

   TOTAL **{2}**

4. a) $0,68 \div 0,4$

b) Simplify $1\frac{2}{3} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$

Answers: a) _____ {1}

b) _____ {1}

TOTAL **{2}**

5. a) $\$55,05$ converted to cents

b) Area of a rectangle is 28cm^2. Its length is 7cm. Find the width of the triangle

Answers: a) _____ {1}

b) _____ {2}

TOTAL **{3}**

6. The diagram below is a circle
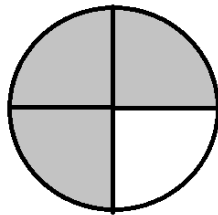
a) Express the shaded part as a decimal fraction
b) Write the shaded part as a percentage

Answers: a) _____ {2}

b) _____ {2}

TOTAL **{4}**

7. a) A motorist travelled 750km in 10 hours. What was his average speed?

b) Work out the cost of 7kg rice at $15,75 per kg

Answers; a) _____ {2}

b) _____ {2}

TOTAL **{4}**

8. Below is a rectangle.

3,5cm

8cm
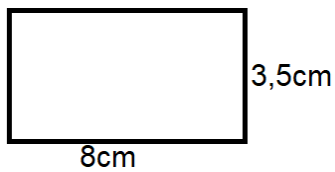
Calculate the area of the rectangle.

Answer: _____ {2}

TOTAL **{2}**

9. Calculate angle X

40⁰

X
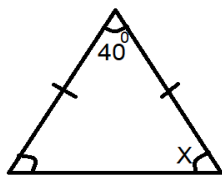
Answer: _____ {2}

TOTAL **{2}**

SECTION B (15 Marks)

Answer any _THREE_ questions from this section.

10. Vehicles at Mrs Mambo's company
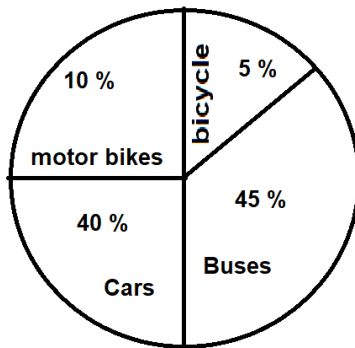
a) How many buses does Mrs Mambo have if she has 80 vehicles altogether?

b) How many more cars than bicycles does she have?

Answers: a) _____   {2}

b) _____   {3}

TOTAL   **{5}**

11. In a class of 48 learners, $\frac{2}{3}$ are boys

a) What fraction are girls?

b) How many boys are in the class?

c) How many girls are in the class?

Answers: a) _____   {1}

b) _____   {2}

c) _____   {2}

TOTAL   **{5}**

12. Below is a table showing the number of doctors in different areas.

Sadza	5
Toriro	7
Dombo	10
Juru	6

a) Find the total number of doctors in Toriro and Sadza
b) Calculate the average number of doctors in the four areas

Answers: a) _____   {2}

b) _____   {3}

TOTAL   **{5}**

13. Below is an equilateral triangle
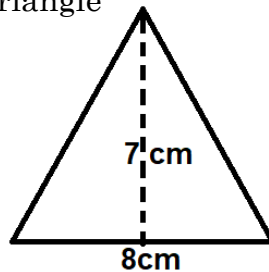
a) How many lines of symmetry does an equilateral triangle have?
b) What is the perimeter of this equilateral triangle?
c) Calculate the area of this triangle

Answers: a) _____   {1}

b) _____   {2}

c) _____   {2}

TOTAL   **{5}**

14. $\frac{2}{3}$ of the people attending a meeting were men and the rest were women. There were 32 men attending the meeting.

a) How many people attended the meeting?

b) How many women attended the meeting?

Answers: a) _____   {3}

b) _____   {2}

TOTAL   **{5}**

MUTARE COUNCIL SCHOOLS

MATHS PAPER 1
GRADE 7

2ND TERM 2024
TIME: 2Hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. **Read ALL the instructions carefully**

2. **If you do not understand the instructions, ask the invigilator to explain them to you before you start.**

3. **Answer All the questions on the separate answer sheet.**

****

1. Six hundred and ninety five in numerals is
   A) 6 095   B) 95   C) 695   D) 6 005

2. The value of the underlined digit in 3 5<u>9</u>1,6 is
   A) 90   B) 9   C) 900   D) 9 000

3. 79,5 rounded off to the nearest unit is
   A) 79   B) 80   C) 800   D) 7,5

4. $4 - 8 + 9 =$
   A) 13   B) 9   C) 4   D) 5

5. 20 minus 7 equals
   A) 13   B) 27   C) 12   D) 3

6. The product of 31 and 7 is
   A) 217   B) 38   C) 24   D) 4

7. A meeting started at 8:15am and ended at 10:00am. How long was the meeting?
   A) 2 hrs 15mins   B) 45mins   C) 18hrs 15mins   D) 1 hr 45mins

8. Arrange in descending order

   A) $\frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{3}{10}$ B) $\frac{3}{10}$ $\frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ C) $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{3}{10}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ D) $\frac{3}{10}$ $\frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{2}$

9. Which is the highest common factor (H.C.F) of 24 and 45?
   A) 12   B) 2   C) 3   D) 1 080

10. $3\frac{4}{9}$ as an improper fraction is

A) $\frac{7}{9}$ 　　　　B) $\frac{9}{31}$ 　　　　C) $\frac{31}{9}$ 　　　　D) $\frac{16}{9}$

11. A triangle with different sides is a
A) right-angled 　　B) isosceles 　　C) scalene 　　D) equilateral

12. The tally shown below represents

A) 23
B) 43 　　　卌 卌 卌 卌 |||
C) 15
D) 19

13. Which of the following is not a prime number?
A) 19 　　　　B) 8 　　　　C) 5 　　　　D) 11

14. The area of a rectangle with sides measuring 7,5m and 4cm is
A) 30cm² 　　B) 11,5cm² 　　C) 30cm 　　D) 30cm³

15. A baker bought 13 dozen eggs at $39. What is the cost of 12 eggs?
A) $36 　　　　B) $117 　　　　C) $156 　　　　D) 3

16. 2 – 0,09 =
A) 1,91 　　　　B) 2,09 　　　　C) 191 　　　　D) 0,91

Use the table below to answer questions 17 and 18.
The table shows the number of learners that visited Great Zimbabwe Ruins in five months.

Month	Number of Learners
February	750
March	1229
April	673
May	407
June	976

17. What is the difference between the learners that visited in March than in May?
A) 1 822 　　　B) 1 636 　　　C) 812 　　　D) 822

18. Find the total number of the learners who visited the ruins in the first three months
A) 2 652 　　　B) 4 035 　　　C) 2 056 　　　D) 1 642

19. Mr Timire had a balance of $4 500 in his bank. He withdrew $699.
What was his new balance?
A) $3 811 　　　B) $3 801 　　　C) $4 801 　　　D) $5 199

20. $4\dfrac{1}{2} \div 2\dfrac{1}{2}$

A) $\dfrac{9}{5}$ B) $1\dfrac{4}{5}$ C) $11\dfrac{1}{4}$ D) $\dfrac{4}{5}$

21. Five $10 notes, four $5 notes, three $1 coins and five 50c coins is

A) $120,50 B) $65,50 C) 70,50 D) $75,50

22. 0,25 expressed as a percentage is

A) 2,5 % B) 0,25 % C) $\dfrac{1}{4}$ D) 25 %

23. $\dfrac{3}{4}$ of a revolution is

A) 135° B) 270° C) 75° D) 67,5°

24. 7,279 in expanded notation

A) 7 000 + 200 + 70 + 9 B) 7 + 0,2 + 0,07 + 0,009

C) $\dfrac{7}{10} + \dfrac{2}{100} + \dfrac{7}{1000} + \dfrac{9}{1000}$ D) 72 + 7 + 9

25. The gross mass of a tin of jam is 850g, find the net mass if the mass of the empty tin is 35g

A) 815g B) 895g C) 885g D) 825g

26. $\dfrac{24}{7}$ expressed as a mixed number is

A) $\dfrac{3}{7}$ B) 3 C) $4\dfrac{3}{7}$ D) $3\dfrac{3}{7}$

27. The volume of a rectangular prism measuring 9cm by 7cm by 4cm is

A) 252cm B) 20cm^3 C) 252cm^3 D) 32cm^3

28. The ratio of 90 apples to 240 oranges in its simplest form is

A) 3:8 B) 8:3 C) 9:24 D) 24:9

29. $1\dfrac{1}{2} + 2\dfrac{1}{4} + 1\dfrac{3}{5} =$

A) $4\dfrac{7}{20}$ B) $4\dfrac{17}{20}$ C) $5\dfrac{7}{20}$ D) $5\dfrac{17}{20}$

30. The average mass of 25 boys in a class is 23kg. what is the total mass of the boys?

A) 48kg B) 465kg C) 500kg D) 575kg

31. John bought 7 laptops at $300 each. He was given 10 % discount. The amount paid was

A) $210 B) $1 890 C) $270 D) $2 100

32. How many years are in a century?

    A) 10   B) 50   C) 100   D) 1000

33. Find the volume of a cube measuring 6cm

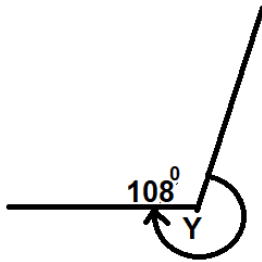   A) $225cm^3$ B) $216cm^3$ C) $206cm^3$ D) $316cm^3$

34. 12 men can build a kraal in 30 hours. How long will it take 8 men to build the kraal working at the same rate?
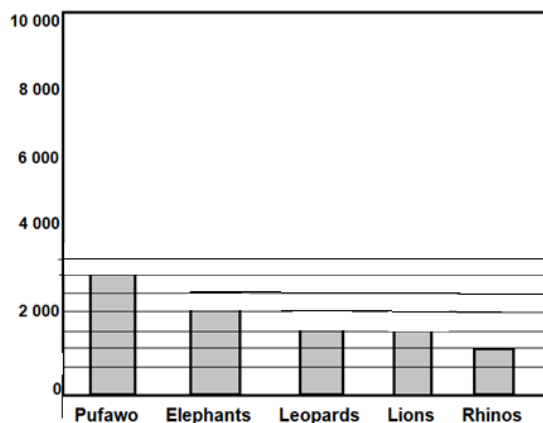
    A) 45 hours   B) 20 hours   C) 15 hours   D) 10 hours

35. The volume of angle y is

    A) 268°

    B) 252°

    C) 216°

    D) 198°

The graph shows animals kept in different national parks.
Use it to answer questions 36 and 37

36. What is the total number of animals in the parks?

    A) 8 000   B) 8 500   C) 9 000   D) 9 500

37. Find the average number of animals in the different parks

    A) 9 000   B) 45 000   C) 2 200   D) 1 800

38. In 1960 a boy was 7 years old. In 2006 his age was

    A) 46   B) 53   C) 63   D) 66

39. Joe is facing north and he turns $2\frac{1}{2}$ right angles clockwise direction, he is now facing

    A) south   B) south-east   C) north-west   D) south-west

40. A motorist took 30 minutes to travel a distance of 45km.
What is his average speed in km/hr?

    A) 1 km/hr   B) 120km/hr   C) 90km/hr   D) 60km/hr

MUTARE COUNCIL SCHOOLS

MATHS PAPER 2
GRADE 7

2ND TERM 2024
TIME: 2 Hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. Answer ALL question in Section A and any THREE questions in Section B
2. If working is needed for any questions it must be shown in the spaces below that question.
3. Answers must be written in the spaces indicated below each question.
4. Omission of essential working may result in loss of marks.

****

SECTION A (25 Marks)
Answer _ALL_ questions from this section. Clearly show the working.

1. Write the following numbers in Arabic numerals
   a) Twenty nine
   b) Seven thousand and seven

   Answers: a) _____   {1}

   b) _____   {1}

   TOTAL   **{2}**

2. a) Write 96 074 in index notation

   b) Express 75 % as a fraction in its lowest term

   Answers: a) _____   {1}

   b) _____   {1}

   TOTAL   **{2}**
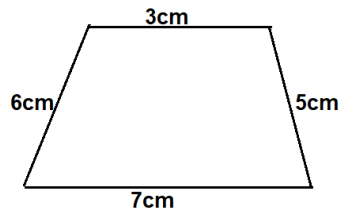
3. Increase 57 by 39

Answer: _____ {2}

TOTAL **{2}**

4. a) Name the shape below
   b) Sate the number of dimension of the shape
   c) Calculate the perimeter of the shape

3cm

6cm   5cm

7cm

Answers: a) _____ {1}

b) _____ {1}

c) _____ {2}

TOTAL **{4}**

5. Find the value of 2^5

Answers: _____ {2}

TOTAL **{2}**

6. Mr Kondo had 80 animals on his farm. 25 % of them were goats, 50 % were sheep and the rest were cows.

   c) Find the number of sheep and goats
   d) Express the number of cows as a proper fraction of 80 animals in its lowest terms

Answers: a) _____   {3}

b) _____   {2}

TOTAL   **{4}**

7. a) Express 25 minutes 30 seconds in seconds
   b) Simplify $\frac{1}{4}$ of $\frac{1}{4} \div \frac{1}{8}$

Answers; a) _____   {2}

b) _____   {2}

TOTAL   **{4}**

8. a) Convert 1 cubic metres to litres
   b) Find the product of 4,2 and 0,03

Answers: a) _____   {2}

b) _____   {2}

TOTAL   **{4}**

SECTION B (15 Marks)

Answer any _THREE_ questions from this section.

9. a) Write 17 January 2015 in Standard International S1 notation
   b) James started a 500 kilometre journey at 6.30am and arrived at 7.00pm
      i) Calculate the time taken to complete the journey
      ii) Find his average speed in kilometres per hour

Answers: a) _____   {1}

b) i) _____   {2}

ii) _____   {2}

TOTAL   **{5}**

10. Study the invoice below

Moyo Store

Items	$	C
Radio	40	00
Blankets	35	00
Groceries	62	40
TOTAL	_____	____

d) Calculate the total cost of the items
e) How much is he going to pay if he was charged 5 % sales tax?

Answers: a) _____   {2}

b) _____   {3}

TOTAL   **{5}**

11. A teacher had a 25m roll of cloth. He used 12,28m to make suits and 5,5m to make shorts.

   c) Find the length of the cloth left

   d) If he made 4 suits of the same size, find the length of material used to make each suit

Answers: a) _____   {3}
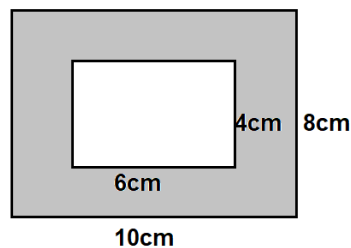
          b) _____   {2}

TOTAL   **{5}**

12. Below is an equilateral triangle

   d) Find the area of the shaded part

   e) Calculate the difference between the perimeter of the bigger rectangle and the smaller rectangle

Answers: a) _____   {3}

          b) _____   {2}

TOTAL   **{5}**

13. A man invested \$450 in a bank at an interest of 15% per annum for $2\frac{1}{2}$ years

    c) Calculate the interest earned

    d) How much did he get from the bank altogether after $2\frac{1}{2}$ years?

Answers: a) _____ {2}

b) _____ {3}

TOTAL **{5}**

1. The following types of music originated from Africa, **except**
    C) amarabhi   B) kwaito   C) jiti   D) country music
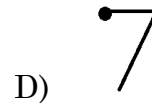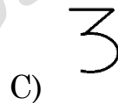
2. Which note is this?
   A) minim
   B) crotchet
   C) quaver
   D) semibreve

3. MP means
   A) moderately loud   B) moderately soft   C) soft   D) loud

4. The following are music software, **except**
   A) finale   B) Sibelius   C) photoshop   D) forte

5. Which one is a minim rest?

   A)   B)   C)   D)

6. Which one is a contemporary dance?
   A) mhande   B) amabhiza   C) clarks   D) mbende

7. The following are props used in dance, **except**
   A) dancers   B) hoe   C) sticks   D) clay pots

8. The following are elements of dance, **except**
   A) body   B) line   C) energy   D) time

9. Attire worn by actors is called
   A) costumes   B) props   C) set   D) actor

10. A career in dance is
    A) sculptor   B) dancer   C) painter   D) curator

11. A process of writing a script is called
    A) improvisation B) blocking   C) scriptwriting   D) composing

12. Which part of the stage is marked A?

A) downstage

B) centre stage

C) stage right

D) stage left
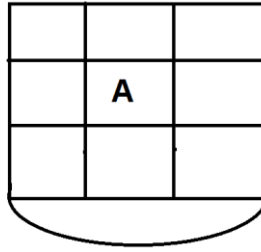
13. The type of light that focuses on the character is
    A) floodlight   B) side light   C) spotlight   D) general lights

14. The process of copying someone's work without permission is called
    A) piracy   B) copyright   C) commission   D) Ubuntu

15. Story telling was usually done in the
    A) morning   B) afternoon   C) evening   D) mid-day

16. Artworks produced by the San people were
    A) rock paintings   B) portraits   C) baskets   D) pottery

17. A tint is made by adding
    A) white   B) black   C) blue   D) yellow

18. Red and yellow give us
    A) purple   B) orange   C) green   D) yellow

19. Life drawings focus on the drawing of
    A) landscape   B) still objects   C) living things   D) water

20. The main idea of a story is
    A) theme   B) arena   C) stage   D) props

21. Organs of the body that we can see are called
    A) internal organs   B) external organs   C) legs   D) heart

22. Which organ is the part of the digestive system?
    A) capillaries   B) gullet   C) veins   D) fingers

23. The largest external body organ is
    A) legs   B) skin   C) hair   D) eyes

24. State the function of the kidney
    A) Pump blood to different parts of the body
    B) Remove waste products in form of urine
    C) Absorb undigested food
    D) Fight diseases

25. What is the importance of saliva in the transportation of food?
    A) It lubricates the food   B) It breaks down the food
    C) It makes it taste   D) Water is absorbed

26. Which one of the following is not a health related fitness component?
    A) Aerobic fitness   B) body composition   C) stretching   D) flexibility

27. A disease caused by poor sanitary condition is
    A) obesity   B) high blood pressure   C) fracture   D) dysentry

28. Identify one way of preventing injuries in sport
    A) warming up correctly   B) loosening   C) stretching   D) strengthening

29. How can one prevent bruises?
    A) wearing protective gear   B) engaging in proper warm up
    C) engaging in proper cool down   D) engaging in good sanitary behaviour

30. The safest place of storing equipment in sport is
    A) bookcase   B) shelf   C) cabinet   D) drawer

31. All are the benefits of eating healthy food and exercising, **except**
    A) resting heart rate   B) endurance increases
    C) reduced disease risk   D) building less muscle

32. An example of a dangerous water body is
    A) tap   B) sink   C) protected well   D) disused gravel pit

33. A survival stroke in water is
    A) breaststroke   B) front crawl   C) butterfly   D) survival backstroke

34. The diagram below is used for which race?

    A) long jump

    B) triple jump

    C) hurdle race

    D) relay
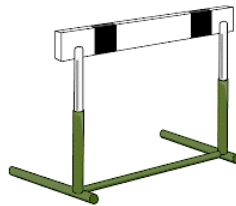
35. Which games aim to defend goals in the opposing team's goal area?
    A) invasion   B) combat   C) target   D) striking

36. Combat games are
    A) fighting games   B) net games   C) striking games   D) adventure games

37. Movement from point A to B is called
    A) arena   B) locomotion   C) theatre   D) axial

38. A place where gymnastics are done is
    A) arena   B) gymnasium   C) theatre   D) auditorium

39. All performances in mass displays are guided by a chosen
    A) dance   B) theme   C) music   D) formation

40. Background music can be played from a recorded source or can be music from a/an
    A) art   B) performance   C) band   D) theme

1. Which of the following musicians was declared a national hero in Zimbabwe?
   D) Simon Chimbetu
   C) Oliver Mtukudzi
   B) Leonard Dembo
   D) Soul Jah Love

2. Which one is compound duple?

   A) $\frac{12}{8}$ B) $\frac{6}{8}$ C) $\frac{9}{8}$ D) $\frac{2}{4}$

3. Which major scale is this?

   A) G major

   B) F major

   C) C major

   D) D major

4. The first note of the tonic triad is
   A) root   B) unison   C) octave   D) interval

5. A guitar is a
   A) membranophone   B) chordophone
   C) idiophone   D) aerophone

6. Rainmaking ceremony for the Zulu people is
   A) incwala   B) oshwambo   C) famahadima   D) indlamu

7. Dance moves meant to give fun are
   A) dance drama   B) dance skits   C) dance themes   D) dance patterns

8. What is a dance form that has two distinct patterns?
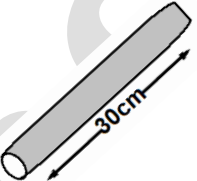   A) rondo   B) ABC   C) AB   D) canon

9. A duet dance is performed by how many people?
   A) 1   B) 2   C) 3   D) 4

10. Mbakumba dance is originated from
    A) Zulu   B) Kalanga   C) Karanga   D) Tonga

11. Movement of actors on stage is called
    A) blocking   B) improvisation   C) dramatization   D) rehearsal

12. The other name for resolution is
    A) conflict   B) exposition   C) denouement   D) climax

13. Marionette is also known as
    A) finger puppet B) string puppet   C) glove puppet   D) hand puppet

14. Who is the founder of Amakhosi theatre?
    A) Davis Guzha   B) Cont Mhlanga   C) Walter Muparutsa   D) Danai Gurira

15. The process of making a film video using cartoons is called
    A) animation   B) copying   C) observation   D) casting

16. Which ethnic group produced the Nyaminyami sculptor?
    A) Zulu   B) Ndebele   C) Tonga   D) Shona

17. Which colour is complementary to blue?
    A) yellow   B) red   C) purple   D) orange

18. One visual software is
    A) CorelDraw   B) Sibelius   C) muse score   D) forte

19. The following are elements of visual art, **except**
    A) colour   B) line   C) point   D) sound

20. What do you expect to see at Great Zimbabwe?
    A) waterfall   B) rock painting   C) conical tower   D) playing ground

21. The following body parts are used to transport food, **except**
    A) small intestine   B) stomach   C) large intestine   D) lungs

22. Another name for windpipe is
    A) cartilage   B) trachea   C) air sac   D) bronchus

23. Which organ is the body's central control system?
    A) chest   B) liver   C) nose   D) brain

24. The largest storage organ in the digestive system is
    A) stomach   B) trachea   C) large intestine   D) liver

25. Name the digestive juice found in the stomach
    A) food   B) saliva   C) gastric   D) bile

26. Which one is not a risk of over weight?
    A) non-insulin dependent diabetes   B) endurance
    C) high blood pressure   D) coronary heart disease

27. What helps in the repair of worn out body cells?
    A) proteins   B) vitamins   C) carbohydrates   D) fats

28. Identify a disease caused by lack of fitness
    A) goitre   B) obesity   C) anaemia   D) rickets

29. The ability to exercise the whole body for a long time is called
    A) agility   B) flexibility   C) endurance   D) body composition

30. State a water disaster in Zimbabwe
    A) earthquake   B) floods   C) water abuse   D) volcanoes

31. Identify an example of a type of food that is unhealthy
    A) potato chips   B) lean meat   C) nuts   D) seeds

32. Which one is **not** a safe way of entering water?
    A) gliding   B) using pool side steps
    C) swivel entry   D) jumping entry

33. RICE the É' stands for
    A) execute   B) element   C) elevate   D) exercise

34. What name is given to space that is not free?
    A) occupied   B) open   C) space awareness   D) position

35. In which race is this implement used in athletics?

    A) 100m
    B) hurdles
    C) 800m
    D) relays

36. Which equipment is used in orienteering?
    A) rope and compass   B) boots and rope
    C) helmet and gloves   D) map and compass

37. 442 is a formation used in
    A) soccer   B) volleyball   C) cricket   D) basketball

38. Which one is a complex formation among these?
    A) column   B) flower   C) linear   D) file

39. During choreography, performers move following
    A) design   B) art   C) music   D) colour

40. What term do we give to movements that are linked together to give one complete move?
    A) locomotion   B) sequence   C) line   D) rotation

MUTARE COUNCIL SCHOOLS

SOCIAL SCIENCE PAPER 1
GRADE 6

2ND TERM 2024
TIME: 1Hr 45Mins

1. What do we call the relationship from the father's side?
   E) mother   B) patrilineal   C) grandmother   D) matrilineal

2. Families use their totems as
   A) fore names   B) names   C) surnames   D) relatives

3. Which of the following strengthens marriage?
   A) honest   B) disrespect   C) loneliness   D) prayerful

4. Which of the followers wash before prayer?
   A) Christianity   B) Islam   C) Indigenous Religion   D) Judaism

5. Which totem is associated with the picture below?

   A) Ndlovu

   B) Mpofu

   C) Duve

   D) Sibanda

6. Rabbi is a religious practitioner in
   A) Judaism   B) Christianity   C) Indigenous   D) Islam

7. The Pentateuch comprises books of
   A) law   B) wisdom   C) songs   D) prophesy

8. Kosher refers to
   A) The Ten Commandments   B) circumcision
   C) Sabbath   D) Jewish dietary law

9. Flora is
   A) animals   B) vegetation   C) food   D) people

10. What do we learn from the Good Samaritan?
    A) forgiveness   B) love   C) hatred   D) obedience

11. Adam was asked to look after the garden of
    A) Jordan   B) Eden   C) Vumba   D) Chimanimani

12. Sukkot is the festival of

    A) lights   B) giving   C) celebration   D) thanksgiving

13. One key teaching in Islam is

    A) ceremony   B) funeral   C) worship   D) judgement

14. All are some of the five pillars of Islam, **except**

    A) resurrection   B) prayer   C) fasting   D) almsgiving

15. Moslems worship in a

    A) mosque   B) synagogue   C) church   D) shrine

16. Who is entitled to rights?

    A) sick   B) old people   C) handicapped   D) all people

17. People in courtship should be tested for

    A) malaria   B) flue   C) HIV   D) sugar

18. What makes pupils at school fight?

    A) harmony   B) bullying   C) intelligence   D) friendship

19. The holy day in indigenous religion is known as

    A) Ramadan   B) izilo   C) Saturday   D) Sunday

20. _____ is an occasion on which Jesus Christ was brought back to life after death

    A) Baptism   B) Ramadan   C) Resurrection   D) Initiation

21. Most people's totems come from

    A) animals   B) stones   C) fish   D) water

22. We celebrate unity day on

    A) 25 May   B) 22 December C) 18 April   D) 11 August

23. The parliament of Zimbabwe has how many houses?

    A) 1   B) 2   C) 3   D) 4

24. Taking over ownership of a dead person's property is

    A) custody   B) ownership   C) inheritance   D) graduation

25. What document is given in a civil court marriage?

    A) birth certificate   B) death certificate

    C) marriage certificate   D) identity card

26. Mutemwa Leprosy Centre looks after the

    A) elderly   B) leprosy patients C) orphans   D) blind

27. Black on the Zimbabwe national flag represents

    A) peace   B) blood   C) minerals   D) black majority

28. An area represented by a member of parliament is called a
    A) province   B) district   C) house of assembly   D) constituency

29. Who is the head of state?
    A) president   B) chief   C) village head   D) police

30. Who was Chaminuka?
    A) spirit medium   B) chief   C) king   D) ancestor

31. Which right protects children from being denied their identity?
    A) education   B) birth certificate   C) food   D) decent shelter

32. People who live in a country are called
    A) students   B) pedestrians   C) athletes   D) citizens

33. What is built by customs?
    A) ancestors   B) identity   C) community   D) dishonesty

34. _____ is a living hero, **except**
    A) President Munangagwa   B) Opha Muchinguri
    C) Joyce Mujuru   D) Joseph Tongogara

35. Who supervises a village head and headman in indigenous leadership?
    A) village head   B) chief   C) councillor   D) president

36. To come up with a responsible decision making, one should consider
    A) friends   B) wisdom   C) emotions   D) religion

37. The international convention that promotes the rights of disabled is
    A) UNCRC   B) UDHR   C) CEDAW   D) CRPD

38. Who built the Great Zimbabwe?
    A) British   B) Ndebele   C) Shona   D) Portuguese

39. Saying "NO" is a way of dealing with
    A) peer pressure   B) friends   C) teachers   D) emotions

40. The disability lacking eye sight is
    A) blindness   B) deafness
    C) physically challenged   D) mentally challenged

SECTION A

Answer _ALL_ questions from this section.

1. Chipo met old Mr Mara on his way. Mr Mara was old, sick and lived alone. Chipo did not greet him. Old Mr Mara greeted her and told her that it is the duty of the young to greet elders. Chipo ignored him and went on her way.

   a) Describe Chipo's behaviour

   _____ {1}

   b) What do we learn from the story?

   _____ {1}

   c) Children in a nuclear family are known as

   _____ {1}

   d) Give one indigenous religion activity that unites families

   _____ {1}

   e) Name one ritual performed in Judaism

   _____ {1}

   TOTAL   **{5}**

2. a) A direct line from the ancestor to the ancestry is called

   _____ {1}

   b) What are family dynamics?

   _____ {1}

   c) State two roles of religion in the marriage institution

   _____

   _____ {2}

   d) What is the duty of a pastor?

   _____ {1}

   TOTAL   **{5}**

3. a) List two clans found in Zimbabwe

_____

_____ {2}

b) Give one traditional game which teaches creativity and mathematics

_____ {1}

c) Mention one heritage resource

_____ {1}

d) What is the age of consent to marriage in Zimbabwe?

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

4. a) Who is the head of state?

_____ {1}

b) What name do we give to council laws?

_____ {1}

c) _____ and _____ make up the executive

_____

_____ {2}

d) The signing of the bill into a new law is called

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

5. a) Who colonised Zimbabwe?

_____ {1}

b) State two reasons why Zimbabwe was colonised

_____

_____ {2}

c) Write one commitment in the national school pledge

_____ {1}

d) When do we celebrate defence forces day?

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

SECTION B

Answer any THREE questions from this section.

6. a) State one benefit of a totem

_____ {1}

b) State two indigenous ways of getting married

_____

_____ {2}

c) Which religion believes that marriage is a direct instruction from God?

_____ {1}

d) Identify one family role in the community

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

7. a) Give one major religion in Zimbabwe

_____ {1}

b) Which religion is represented by this symbol?

_____ {1}

c) What is the place of worship for Jews?

_____ {1}

d) What is monotheism?

_____ {1}

e) Which religion uses mezuzah as an artefact?

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

8. a) State two roles of the community at a funeral

_____

_____ {2}

b) How do we assist a disabled person in a community?

_____ {1}

c) Where is Mutemwa Leprosy and Care Centre?

_____ {1}

d) Name one religious institution that care for the needy

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

9. a) There are no rights without

_____ {1}

b) State one child right

_____ {1}

c) Which parable teaches forgiveness?

_____ {1}

d) List one religious practitioner in Christianity

_____ {1}

e) What is a parable?

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

10. a) State one way totems preserve the environment

_____ {1}

b) Which culture allows people of the same totem to marry each other?

_____ {1}

c) Suggest one way of managing peer pressure?

_____ {1}

d) Give two characters of a good friend

_____

_____ {2}

TOTAL **{5}**

SECTION C

Answer any TWO questions from this section.

11. a) What are family dynamics?

_____ {1}

b) The upper house and lower house are in the _____ arm of the government

_____ {1}

c) Define the word migration

_____ {1}

d) Give one reason for migration

_____ {1}

e) Identify one effect of migration

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

12. a) Name one official language in Zimbabwe

_____ {1}

b) Libation is a drink poured out as an

_____ {1}

c) Which dance is a seductive dance?

_____ {1}

d) What is heirship?

_____ {1}

e) Why is it important to keep a will at a bank?

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

13. a) The first Chimurenga started in _____ province

_____ {1}

b) What is the Ndebele name for Chimurenga?

c) What does the kudu on the Zimbabwe coat of arms represent?

_____ {1}

d) Define gender equity
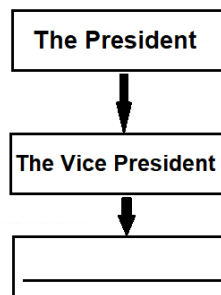
_____ {1}

e) Give one example of gender stereotyping

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

14. a) What do we learn at a museum?

_____ {1}

b) State two characteristics of the San people

_____

_____ {1}

c) What is missing on the organisation of the executive

```
┌─────────────────┐
│  The President  │
└─────────────────┘
         │
         ▼
┌─────────────────┐
│The Vice President│
└─────────────────┘
         │
         ▼
┌─────────────────┐
│  _____    │
└─────────────────┘
```

_____ {1}

d) List two things King Lobengula was promised in the Rudd concession

   i) _____ {1}

   ii) _____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

MUTARE COUNCIL SCHOOLS

SOCIAL SCIENCE PAPER 1
GRADE 7

2ND TERM 2024
TIME: 1Hr 45Mins

1. Besides names people can also be identified by
   A) surnames   B) totems   C) lineage   D) behaviour

2. People pay condolences at
   A) birthdays B) weddings   C) marriages   D) funerals

3. In family dynamics which of the following is a pull factor?
   A) hunger   B) war   C) employment   D) divorce

4. What do we call the belief in one God?
   A) monotheism   B) holy trinity   C) resurrection   D) worshipping

5. A fair weather friend is one who
   A) hates you   B) stays with you in times of need
   C) runs away when you are in trouble   D) does bad things to you

6. The symbol below represents which religion?

   A) Judaism

   B) Islam

   C) Indigenous

   D) Christianity

7. One known taboo about totem is; if you eat your animal totem
   A) your teeth will fall out   B) you encounter bad luck
   C) you will disappear   D) you will go mad

8. One way of resisting peer pressure is by
   A) taking drugs   B) choosing right friends
   C) playing with bad friends   D) having many friends

9. When people are having disputes they should go for
   A) baptism   B) divorce   C) counselling   D) traditional healing

10. Which of the following is a sign of wrong morals?
    A) charity   B) love   C) honesty   D) lying

11. The following are qualities of a good friend, **except**
    A) laziness   B) cunning   C) disobedience   D) hardworking

12. Tapiwa comes to school without food. Which right is being violated?
    A) education   B) shelter   C) food   D) worship

13. Organisations that provide free services to communities in times of need are called
    A) public services   B) social services
    C) voluntary organisation   D) right organisations

14. Who writes a will?
    A) the deceased   B) father   C) mother   D) owner of property

15. What is the major advantage of websites?
    A) To play games   B) To watch movies
    C) Research for information   D) Listen to music

16. An example of corporate social responsibility is
    A) not attending funerals   B) building a school
    C) attending a rally   D) playing games

17. What do we call a marriage of two people who are related?
    A) bestiality   B) intermarriage   C) gay   D) incest

18. One example of a natural resource used as a totem is
    A) mountain   B) lion   C) river   D) buffalo

19. When people greet each other it is a sign of
    A) hatred   B) honesty   C) gratitude   D) respect

20. How can relationships be sustained?
    A) respect   B) conflicts   C) dominance   D) bullying

21. What do we call the crime of marrying someone who is already legally married to someone?
    A) bigamy   B) adultery   C) infidelity   D) dishonesty

22. A couple gets a marriage certificate when they marry under
    A) polygamous marriage   B) customary marriage
    C) civil marriage   D) monogamous marriage

23. When children play mahumbwe what norms and values are being taught?
    A) unfaithfulness   B) responsibilities   C) problem solving   D) dishonesty

24. Which of the following is an immovable property?
    A) cattle   B) cars   C) furniture   D) houses

25. Who among these is **not** in the judiciary system?

    A) police   B) teacher   C) lawyer   D) judge

26. When did the First Chimurenga begin?

    A) 1980   B) 1997   C) 1896   D) 1890

27. The Gwai Shangani reserves were created to accommodate

    A) whites   B) British   C) blacks   D) Asians

28. When does a bill become a law?

    A) When the president signs it   B) When legislators debate it

    C) When the minister signs it   D) When the senators debated it

29. Which one is a pre-colonial state?

    A) Harare   B) Chiredzi   C) Gokwe   D) Great Zimbabwe

30. If women are empowered _____ is destroyed

    A) children   B) peace   C) poverty   D) love

31. What is the function of a granary in the home?

    A) storing grain   B) animal shelter   C) storing utensils   D) manufacturing goods

32. Which organisation represents the interest of consumers in Zimbabwe?

    A) ZIMRA   B) ZIMSTAT   C) CCZ   D) ZEC

33. The following are factors that influence siting of buildings, **except**

    A) soil condition   B) accessibility of clean water

    C) purpose of building   D) infertile soil

34. How do we reduce desertification?

    A) land pollution   B) afforestation

    C) building fire guard   D) deforestation

35. Fauna and flora refers to

    A) food crops and fruits   B) meat and maize

    C) animals and plants   D) people and plants

36. Which of the following is a common disaster in Zimbabwe?

    A) earth tremours   B) cyclones   C) earthquakes   D) veld fires

37. The desert marked X is called

    A) Kalahari

    B) Namibia

    C) Sahara

    D) Arabian

38. Why are CCTV's used in shops and bank ATM's?
   A) To increase sales
   B) To catch thieves
   C) To find prices of goods
   D) to count customers

39. Peer pressure is mostly common in
   A) parents
   B) pastors
   C) adolescents
   D) elderly

40. Stigma and discrimination can lead to
   A) suicidal thoughts
   B) high self esteem
   C) mental health
   D) feed mind

MUTARE COUNCIL SCHOOLS

SOCIAL SCIENCE PAPER 2
GRADE 7

2ND TERM 2024
TIME: 1Hr 30Mins

SECTION A

Answer *ALL* questions from this section.

1. a) What do we call followers who worship in the building above?

   _____ {1}

   b) State one teaching of the followers of the building above

   _____ {1}

   c) What do we call Muslims journey to Mecca?

   _____ {1}

   d) State one role of religion in marriage

   _____ {1}

   e) What is the role of Muezzin in Islam?

   _____ {1}

   TOTAL **{5}**

2. a) Give one attribute of an upright person

   _____ {1}

   b) What are the benefits of belonging to a religion?

   _____ {1}

   c) Give one effect of bad morals in the community

   _____ {1}

   d) Give the responsibility of a mother in pre-colonial times

   _____ {1}

e) Children have rights. State one right

_____   {1}

TOTAL   **{5}**

3. a) State one aspect of responsibility

_____   {1}

b) Define stewardship

_____   {1}

c) The act of taking care of one's parents is called

_____   {1}

d) State one negative impact of technology on religion

_____   {1}

e) Name one form of religious art

_____   {1}

TOTAL   **{5}**

4. a) Give two forms of sexual abuse

_____

_____   {2}

b) What does this sign mean?

_____   {1}

c) Give one reason why we have child-headed families

_____   {1}

d) What is gender equality?

_____   {1}

TOTAL   **{5}**

5. a) What do we call the relationship of the father's side?

_____   {1}

b) Name a bumper harvest celebrating dance

_____ {1}

c) Suggest two possible causes of marital disputes

_____

_____ {2}

d) Explain one cultural way of preserving heritage resources

_____ {1}

TOTAL   **{5}**

SECTION B

Answer any THREE questions from this section.

6. a) Define intrapersonal conflict

_____ {1}

b) Suggest one cause of conflict in the community

_____ {1}

c) What should one do when being abused at home?

_____ {1}

d) Give two ways in which children can be abused

_____

_____ {2}

TOTAL   **{5}**

7. a) Sexuality has five circles. Explain intimacy

_____ {1}

b) Why is same sex marriage not encouraged in most religions?

_____ {1}

c) State one good health habit

_____ {1}

d) State one effect of drug abuse to school children

_____ {1}

e) State one benefit of equal opportunities between men and women

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

8. a) Describe one way in which Jesus was tempted by the devil

_____ {1}

b) What does the parable of the prodigal son teach us?

_____ {1}

c) What is resurrection?

_____ {1}

d) Explain holy trinity

_____ {1}

e) Who held the robes of St Stephen when he was stoned to death?

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

9. a) Who is the founder of Judaism?

_____ {1}

b) What do Jews wear to remind them to follow the laws of God at all times?

_____ {1}

c) What guides the Jews in their conduct?

_____ {1}

d) Which Jewish holiday celebrate 40 years the Israelites spent in the desert?

_____ {1}

e) In Judaism which religious practitioner is responsible for predicting the future?

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

10. a) AIDS stands for

_____ {1}

b) The best way of preventing HIV Aids is

_____ {1}

c) How does one know his/her HIV status?

_____ {1}

d) How does religion help people living with HIV Aids?

_____ {1}

e) Why should HIV patients take ARV's?

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

SECTION C

Answer any TWO questions from this section.

11. a) Suggest one factor that influences the siting of shelter

_____ {1}

b) Name one ownership document

_____ {1}

c) What is the advantage of building storey buildings?

_____ {1}

d) ZINWA stands for

_____ {1}

e) State one national strategic reserve institute

_____ {1}

TOTAL **{5}**

12. a) The table shows three arms of government.

   Write the missing arm in the space provided

| Executive | _____ | Judiciary |

{1}

b) State one motto on the national coat of arms

_____ {1}

c) The method of preserving food which involves heating up food in order to

   kill pathogens is

_____ {1}

d) State one method of manufacturing goods

_____   {1}

e) Give one use of a dam

_____   {1}

TOTAL   **{5}**

13. a) Name the part of entry into Zimbabwe marked X

_____   {1}

b) Identify a hazard in transport

_____   {1}

c) Give one advantage of satellites

_____   {1}

d) Explain the importance of tourism in Zimbabwe

_____   {1}

e) State one indigenous method of preserving tourist destinations

_____   {1}

TOTAL   **{5}**

14. a) Who provides social services?

_____   {1}

b) State two vulnerable people in the community

_____

_____   {2}

c) The table below shows prominent people who were involved in voluntary work in Zimbabwe. Complete it

	Name	Voluntary Work
i)	Matthew Rusike	Taking care of orphans
ii)	Jairos Jiri	_____

{1}

d) Name one organisation run by a religious organisation in Zimbabwe

_____

{1}

TOTAL **{5}**

MUTARE COUNCIL SCHOOLS

CHISHONA PAPER 1
GRADE 6

2ND TERM 2024
TIME: 1Hr 30Mins

Verenga nyaya inotevera ugopindura mibvunzo

Kare haagari ari kare chokwadi. Makarekarewo chirungu chisati chanyanya kupinda mutsinga kwaiva nefararira remitambo yechivanhu chedu. Imwe yemitambo yaibatsira vanhu kufara imwe yaibatsira kutaura nevadzimu. Jerusarema, michongoyo, mukwerera neimwewo yaiitwa nevanhu vakaisa moyo panzvimbo kuti zviro zvedu. Nhasi uno dzave ngano dzaakuitwa zvekutsanangurira vana vechidiki zvaiitwa nemadzitateguru avo. Vamwe vanhu vakuru nevana vadiki vave kuita zvekuonera mitambo iyi pazvivhitivhiti zvinova zvisisina huremu nechinangwa chemitambo.

Muchongoyo mutambo unowanikwa muManicaland munzvimbo dzakaita seChipinge neChimanimani. Kareko mutambo uyu waitonyanya kuitwa nevavhimi vari kundovhima kana kuti hombarume.

Tine nguwo dzinopfekwa panoitwa mitambo mizhinji iyi yakasiyana-siyana. Zvipfeko izvi zvaienderana kazhinji nechirongwa chemutambo unenge uchiitwa. Izvi zvaigonazve kuti vane mashavi akasiyana-siyana vabudirwe nemidzimu iri pavari ichitaura zvainenge ichida.

Tinewo vanosvikirwa nemidzimu yenyika. Ava ndivo vanhu vanokosheswa nevakuru venyika. Tinongonzwa kuti vanotaura nekugadzirisa zvinoda kuitwa munyika.

Kunezve dzimbo dzinoimbwa dzinoenderana nemitambo inenge ichiitwa. Dzimwe dzimbo vakadzi vanoshaura dzimwe dzinoshaurwa nemunhu wese wese murume kana mukadzi. Ipapo ndipo paunonzwa maoko kana makavhu achiputika zvinoenderana nenziyo inenge ichiimbwa vamwe vachitamba.

Mitambo yaiita kuti vanhu venharaunda vakwanise kuwirirana nekutaudzana zvakanaka. Nhasi uno nzvimbo zhinji dzaane vanhu vanoita mazvake mazvake. Kudzoka kwatakabva hazvisisiri nyore nenyaya yechirungurira chakadai kuuya.

1. Mitambo mingani yadomwa munyaya
   A. miviri   B. mitatu   C. mina   D. mishanu

2. Vatinoti madzitateguru edu vanhu _____
   A. vapenyu vakwegura   B. vakafa kare kare   C. vanogona kutamba mitambo   D. vanoimba

3. Muchongoyo wanzi unonyanya kuitwa nevanhu vapi?
   A. Shona   B. Zezuru   C. Ndau   D. Ndebele

4. Doma chinangwa chimwe chataurwa mundima chemitambo
   A. kufara   B. kurwara   C. kuchema   D. kudya

5. Makavhu anzi anoitwa sei?
   A. kuimbwa   B. kushaura   C. kupfekwa   D. kumwiwa

6. Tsumo inoti kare haagari ari kare inorevei mundima?

   A. zvekare zvinopfuura   B. zvekare zvinotangisazve   C. zvekare zvinogara D. zvekare zvinouya izvozvi

7. Muvhimi mukuru anonzi_____?

   A. hurudza   B. mudzimu   C. hombarume   D. mutambi

8. Izwi rinopesana nakuwirirana ndiani?

   A. kupenga   B. kutaudzana   C. kuvengana   D. kushaura

Zadzisa neizwi rakakodzera

9. Tete wakatakura _____ weuswa

   A. dutu   B. svinga   C. murwi   D. mwanda

10. Munda mutsva unonzi_____

   A. gombo   B. tseu   C. bindu   D. gura

11. Nzara yekushaya nyama inonzi _____

   A. nyota   B. kukara   C. nhomba   D. shuku

Sarudza mhinduro yakakodzera

12. Kana taenda kunoona mwana azvarwa tinoti

   A. nedzoyi   B. makorokoto   C. pamusoroi   D. tipindewo

13. Kana tikasvika pane vanhu vari kusakura tinoti

   A. titambire   B. chabadza   C. chishava pavarume   D. tisvikewo

Sarudza mhinduro yakakodzera

14. Akaramba achichema _____ mukoma vake vasvika.

   A. zvekuti   B. asi   C. kunyange   D. dakara

15. Anongodya zvese zvese _____ achirwara

   A. nokudaro   B. saka   C. naizvozvo   D. nekuti

Verenga tsamba inotevera ugopindura mibvunzo inotevera

Rukweza Primary School
Private Bag 9036
Nyazura

13 Chikumi 2024

Wadiwa Tamuka

Kubva zvandakabva kumba kwenyu paya zvinhu zvakaramba zvichingondiwawarira. Ufunge hako upenyu chokwadi ivhiri. Upenyu hunongoshanduka tisingafungiri.

Waive musi weSvondo ndabva kumba kwenyu Mugovera wacho, baba vangu vakange vaenda kundovhima musango rekwaJera. Isu pamba takange tsara tave kutorodzera mazino kuzodambura nyama. Amai vangu

nemunin'ina wangu Tariro vaitofara zvavo vachimirira hombarume akange amukira kuenda musango.
Chokwadi chemusi uyu chaikunda ngoma kurira.

Mushure mechinguva chiduku takaona imbwa dzedu Mariga naTsvete dzati pamba vhuu. Ini ndakangoona
imbwa dzichipinimidza miswe yadzo ndikabva ndaziva kuti kwadzabva hakuna kunaka. Chiriporipocho
ndakaona VaGude vati pfacha vachifemera pamusoro sendere. Vakasvikoti gwajara pasi vachichema. Tese
taiwe tabatira hana mumaoko. Vakazosara hawo kutaura kuti baba vangu vaive vaenda kusingadzokwi vanhu
vaive vazadza chivanze.

Takazoviga baba. Vaive vasangana nevakuru vesango vakavadambura dambura. Zvairwadza zvakasangana
nababa. Kubva ipapo upenyu hwachinja chaizvo. Tave kurima nezvibhakera kuno. Zvangu zvebhande
nebhurukwa nababa vangu hakuchina.

Ndizvo zvandati ndikuudzewo. Iwo mazuva ano mai vari kudzimbikana nemuviri wose. Ndini ndiri
kutochengeta mhuri yose. Ndapota hangu undirangarirewo muminyengetero.
Vanofara here wose kumba kwenyu?

Ndini sahwira wako

Runesu

Pindura mibvunzo inotevera

16. Munyori wetsamba anogara munzvimbo ipi?
    A. Rukweza   B. Ruzevha   C. mudhorobha   D. Nyazura

17. Mwedzi waChikumi mwedzi wechingani mugore?
    A. wechina   B. wechitanhatu   C. wechipiri   D. wechinomwe

18. Baba vaRunesu vakafa musi we_____
    A. Svondo   B. Muvhuro   C. Mugovera   D. China

19. Izwi rokuti hombarume rinorevei?
    A. baba vaRunesu   B. Jera   C. muvhimi mukuru   D. muumbi

20. Chii chakaonekwa naRunesu kuti pane zvanga zvisina kumira zvakanaka?
    A. kusviba kwekunze   B. kunaya   C. kupinimidza miswe kwembwa nekudzoka dzega   D. VaGude

21. Tinoti vhuu_____
    A. kuenda   B. kusvika   C. kudonha   D. kutarisa

22. Ndiani akauya neshoko rerufu?
    A. Tamuka   B. VaGude   C. Rukweza   D. Tariro

23. Kuenda kusingadzokwi_____
    A. kuenda kure   B. kurasika   C. kufa   D. kutizira

24. Kurima nezvibhakera kuita sei?
    A. kusakura   B. kurima negejo   C. kurima nemadhongi   D. kurima nemaoko

Zadzisa nemutauro wakakodzera

25. Kana uchipfuura pane vanhu unoti

    A. titambire   B. pamusoroi   C. tisvikewo   D. tapinda-tapinda

26. Vanhu vakasvika pari kuchemiwa vanoti

    A. pamusoroi   B. mhoroi   C. tisvikewo   D. nedzoyi

Zadzisa semataurire atinoita

27. Twusikana utwo _____ kuchikoro

    A. aenda   B. vaenda   C. twaenda   D. zvaenda

28. Zvingwa _____ zvatengwa hazvikwani

    A. icho   B. ivo   C. itwo   D. izvo

Verenga nyaya inotevera ugopindura mibvunzo yakapiwa nemhinduro yakanaka

Mhuka nevana vadzo

Pasi pano panowanikwa mhuka dzakawanda chaizvo dzakasiyana marudzi adzo nevana vadzo dzichigarazve munzvimbo dzakasiyana.

Muchikamu chino tinoda kutarisa zvine udzamu takatarisana nemhuka dzinoti mombe, gudo, huku nenguruve. Vakuru vekare munjere dzavo vakati mwana wemombe anonzi mhuru, uye mwana wayo achangozvarwa nhenjana kana kuti munava. Chigondora ndiyo mhuru ichangorumurwa. Mhuru hadzi inonzi borombe kana kuti mhorombe. Tsiru ndiyo mombe yehadzi isati yabereka.

Gudo kana kuti diro, bveni kana kuti dede imhuka inofarira kugara mugomo. Mwana achinzi rusvava, amai vacho vachinzi vagoyo. Charovedzera charovedzera gudo rakakwira mawere kwasviba nokudaro harikanganwi parinorara panonzi pachiro. Hauzi mukaha une mhuka iyi. Imhuka inopona nekupambara zvokudya. Mwana wegudo akarumurwa anonzi mujembwa. Mwana wegudo ane gore rimwe rokuzvarwa anonzi chisamakei. Chisikwa chinonzi nguruve kana kuti humba inobara mwana anonzi humbanana kana kuti ngurwana. Anogonazve kunzi chisamakei ndokunge achiri negore rimwe chete rekuberekwa. Apfuura gore rimwe rekuberekwa anonzi chigwi. Nguruve isati yabereka inonzi sheshe, yakabereka inonzi nhunzvi. Pakudya inoita zvekukambura ichikurumidza.

Huku inobereka hukwana kana kuti nhiyo. Huku yacho yakabereka nhiyo inonzi nhunzvi. Inenge yakandira mazai inonzi tseketsa kana kuti sekero. Huku isati yakandira inonzi sheshe.

Kunewo zvakare mhuka inonzi mhembwe inobereka mwana anonzi mhembwana, tsvana kana kuti hwishu. Anodaidzwa zvakare kuti chimera. Mhembwe hadzi isati yabereka inonzi bembwa kana kuti sheshe, yakambobereka inonzi nhunzvi. Mhembwe hono inonzi dimura. Mhuka iyi inozvara vana vane kazhumu, ndizvo saka vakuru vekare vakati mhembwe rudzi inozvara mwana ane kazhumu.

(Yakatorwa muKwayedza dzidza- Chivabvu 2024)

Sarudza vara rine mhinduro yakakodzera

29. Kubva munyaya yawaverenga imhuka ngani dzataurwa nezvadzo?

    A. shanu   B. mbiri   C. ina   D. nhatu

30. Mwana wemombe achangobva kuzvarwa anonzi chii?

    A. borombe   B. chigondora   C. mombe   D. munava kana kuti nhenjana

31. Ndeipi tsumo yataurwa mundima yawaverenga?

    A. Chisi chako masimba mashoma.   B. Gudo guru peta muswe mudiki vakutye

    C. Charowedzera charowedzera gudo rakakwira mawere kwasviba   D. Hamuna tsumo mundima iyi

32. Chii chinonzi mujembwa?

    A. chisamakei   B. ndivagayo   C. mwana mucheche akarumurwa   D. ndibaba vegudo

33. Mhuka ine mwana anonzi humbanana inonzi_____

    A. mombe   B. humba   C. huku   D. gudo

34. Nguruve yakambobereka inonzi

    A. chigwi   B. hambanana   C. nhunzvi   D. sheshe

35. Panzvimbo yekuti huku yakambobereka nhiyo tinogona kuti_____

    A. huku yakambososodza   B. huku yakamborarira   C. isati yakandira   D. hapana mhinduro

36. Rimwe zita rinoreva hwishu ndi_____

    A. chimera   B. nhunzvi   C. dimura   D. zhumu

37. Ndeipi tsumo iri mundima yawaverenga inoreva zvimwe chete netsumo yokuti 'gavi rakabva kumasvuuriro'.

    A. Kure kwemeso nzeve dzinonzwa   B. Mhembwe rudzi inozvara mwana ane ane kazhumu

    C. Gudo guru peta muswe vadiki vakutye   D. Kare haagari ari kare

    Nyora izwi rakanyorwa nemavara makuru muuzhinji

38. Mugomo ndimo munogara GUDO

    A. mazikudo   B. magudo   C. chigudo   D. makudo

39. Pakarira pfuti takaona BARA mudenga

    A. mabara   B. mapara   C. zibara   D. mazibara

    Sarudza mutsara wakanyorwa zvakanaka

40. A. Rudo, Sekai, Tendai nagrace ndivo vauya.

    B. rudo, Sekai naTendai naGrace ndivo vauya.

    C. Rudo naSekai, Tendai na Grace ndivo vauya.

    D. Rudo, Sekai, Tendai na Grace ndivo vauya.

CHIKAMU CHEKUTANGA: Rondedzero {mamakisi 20}

Sarudza musoro mumwe chete kubva pane inotevera. Zvino chinyora muChiShona chakanaka rondedzero ine mazwi zana kana kuti zana nemakumi maviri. Kana wasarudza tsamba mutumbi wayo ngauve nemazwi zana kana kuti zana nemakumi maviri.

1. Nyora rondedzero uchitsanagura zuva rawakafadza vabereki vako.

2. Nyora rondedzero inodudzira tsumo yokuti 'sango rinopa aneta'.

3. Nyora nhaurirano pakati pevana vaviri mumwe achiyemura mumwe achishora tsika nemagariro evanhu vekare.

4. Nyora tsamba kushamwari yako uchiikoka kumba kwenyu kuzororo raZvita.

5. Nyora mhan'arwa kumukuru wechikoro chenyu uchitsanangura kutsva kwakaita imba yemuvakidzani wenyu.

CHIKAMU CHECHIPIRI NZWISISO (Mamakisi 10)

Nguva yezhizha inodiwa nevanhu vakawanda chose. Vanhu nemhuka vanomirira nguva iyi gore rega rega. Musikavanhu akanga aramba kudonhedza misodzi yake. Zvirimwa, mhuka nevanhu zvakanga zvosiririsa zvikuru. Izvi zvakaita kuti vanhu vanonoke kudonhedza mbeu dzinoda mvura yakawanda nedzinoda mvura shoma. Raiva besanwa vanhu nemhuka kutsvaga mvura nechekudya.

Munharaunda yekwa Ishe Mundoringisa maive nemhuri mbiri dzaive hurudza. Izvi zvakabatsira kuti vanhu vaendewo ikoko vachindoshava. Vaive nezvipfuyo zvakapera vachichinjanisa nechibage kuti vaone pekutangira zuva nezuva. Vanhu vaive nechibage gore iri vakaita zvipfuyo zvakasiyana-siyana kunyangwe madhongi gore iri akakosheswa sezvo ariwo aifambiswa nzendo refu kundotsvaga mvura kunzvimbo dzinenge dziine hova dzakawanda.

Mugore iri chakaita chidoko chapinda. Hapana munhu aifuma ari mumba akarara. Chekuisa mudumbu chaishaisa nevatana hope.

Mvura yakazonaya vanhu vasisina kana tarisiro. Izvi zvakaita kuti mhuri imwe neimwe ishande nesimba vachiti hapana inofurira imwe tarisiro iri yekukohwa pakuru. Zvino hazvisi nyore kana usina kana chinochema mudenga. Mufudze kana uiine hunyoro zvirimwa hazvigari pasi. Simbe dzega ndidzo dzakashaya hope kwete kutsvaga chekudya asi kutya badza.

Muzvikoro vana vazhinji vaibikirwa bota zvakaita kuti vana vazhinji vafarire kuenda kuchikoro. Munharaunda ndimo maibva vabereki vaiuya kuzobikira vana bota irori vachiita majana.

Zvirimwa zvichingoibva haiwa munhu wese anofara. Zvekudya zvinenge yava saruraude. Izvi zvinobatsira kuti vanhu vagare vachifara mudzimba nemunzvimbo dzavanogara munguva yemaenza.

1. Nyaya iyi yakaitika kupi?

2. Mundima chii chiri kunzi misodzi?

3. Nemhaka yei madhongi akakosheswa mugore iri?

4. Chii chakaita kuti vana vazhinji vafarire kuenda kuchikoro?

5. Ndechipi chirevo chiri mundima chinokurudzira kuti vanhu vashande.

6. Nyora pfupiso uchiburitsa matamnbudziko akasangana nevanhu Musikavanhu aramba kudonhedza misodzi yake.

Verenga tsamba iyi ugopindura mibvunzo inotevera

Zvikomborero Trading Store
Private Bag 630
Murambinda
Buhera

10 Chikunguru 2022

Vadiwa Mukoma Ruramai

Ndinofara kuwana nguva yekukunyorerai ino tsamba kwamuri kuJakata iko kuHarare. Tinongonzwa nembiri kuti ndiko kunobikwa chando chese, chinoti kana chava kurova chinokwidza hamba mumuti. Isu kuno takasimba chaizvo sembwa yechirungu.

Kuno kumusha taita dambudziko guru iro riri kutiputsa misoro. Dambudziko iri nderekufirwa nezvipfuyo zvatakatamburira kuunganidza. Pamwedzi miviri yapfuura iyi tafirwa nemombe nhatu, mbudzi nomwe nehwai nhatu. Mombe yenyu Charubeki yamaifarira, takazongoona yakangoti kungunya kufa. Zvakanyanya kurwadza kufa kwakaita mhou yaiyamwisa ikasiya kamhuru kasati kaita chigondora.

Danbudziko iri riri kuita kuti baba namai varare hope tsvuku. Kunze kunodakara kuedza vachingoti boi boi nekufunganya. Hapana chaizvo ari kuziva honzeri yekufa kwemhuka idzi. Takambodaidza mudhumeni wemunharaunda kuti amboongorore chiri kukonzera. Kunenge kuti kana naiyewo atadza kuziva pane dambudziko. Kutanga akamboti inyaya yekuti zvipfuyo zvedu zviri kufa nenyaya yeunyoro huri mumatanga. Takagadzirisa asi hazvina kubatsira, mhuka dziri kungofa. Tine mushonga watakatengeswa kwaMutare asi hauna kushanda. Zvakona n'anga murapwa achida.

Baba namai vari kuti dai mambouya kuno kuti timboite maonerapamwe chuma chemuzukuru. Izvi hazvichadi kuverengera. Kana zvichiita uyai pamwe natete Shuvai vari ikoko kwamuri. Tinotarisira kukuonai munguva pfupi.

Simbisai Shuvai nevamwe vese

Wenyu munin'ina

Tapiwa

1. Mukoma vemunyori wetsamba anonzi ani?
   A. Shuvai   B. Tapiwa   C. Ruramai   D. Charubeki

2. Mukoma Ruramai vari kugara kupi?
   A. Buhera   B. Harare   C, Mutare   D. Murambinda

3. Nderipi dambudziko rataurwa nemunyori?
   A. kubikwa kwechando   B. unyoro hwematanga   C. kushaya mudhumeni   D. kufa kwezvipfuyo

4. Tsamba yakanyorwa mumwedzi upi?
   A. Chikunguru   B. Chikumi   C. Chivabvu   D. Kubvumbi

5. Imhando ngani dzezvipfuyo dzataurwa mundima dzakafa?
   A. mbiri   B. nhatu   C. ina   D. shanu

6. Ndiani ari kutadza kurara nedambudziko iri?
   A. mudhumeni   B. Shuvai   C. Ruramai   D. baba namai

7. Mudhumeni akati chiri kuuraya zvipfuyo chii?
   A. mushonga   B. chando   C. kuverengera   D. unyoro hwematanga

8. Shuvai achiona Ruramai paukama anomusheedza kutii?
   A. sekuru   B. tsano   C. babamukuru   D. mwana

9. Kuita maonera pamwe kudini?
   A. kuverengera   B. kubatsirana   C. kurwadza   D. kuberekana

   Zadzisa neizwi rakakodzera
10. Mombe isina nyanga inonzi_____
    A. mhou   B. ramba   C. nzuma   D. tsiru

11. Nzvimbo inorasirwa madota inonzi_____
    A. gomba   B. pfimbi   C. panze   D. durunhuru

12. Murume akafirwa nemukadzi anonzi_____
    A. pfunda   B. hombarume   C. samusha   D. ndonda

   Zadzisa neizwi rakakodzera
13. Ndinomubatsira kakawanda muhupenyu_____ anongondinyeya
    A. zvakadaro   B. nekuti   C. naizvozvo   D. saka

14. Ndichakutyaira runhare _____ achinge asvika
    A. nekuti   B. asi   C. zvisinei   D. kana

   Verenga nyaya iyi ugopindura mibvunzo inotevera
Pazororo raZvita Ripai akaita mukana wekushanyira sekuru vake VaNgirazi vaigara muguta reHarare nemhuri yavo. Ripai akafarira rwendo urwu nokuti ainge asati amboenda kuguta reHarare.
Paakasvika muHarare, Ripai akatambirwa nasekuru vake pamusika mukuru weMbare. Akashamisika zvikuru kuona vanhu vari besanwa pamusika. Paiti vari kutengesa, vari kupemha pamwe chete nevaikurudzira vanhu kuti vakwire mabhazi avo. Vakazoenda kumba kwasekuru vake nguva dzeruchunzavaeni. Paakasvika akatambirwa nedangwe rasekuru vake, Nakai uyo aiva musikana aive nemakore makumi maviri.
Takura naTendai vaive mapatya, vainge vari muimba yekubikira vachigadzira machikichori aizodyiwa manheru. Ava mangwana Ripai akaenda nasekuru vake kudhorobha uko vaida kundobhadhara mvura. Ripai akashamisika nekubhadharwa kwemvura sezvo kumaruva vaingoshandisa mvura pachena. Sekuru vake vakazomutsanangurira zvimwe zvinobhadharwa mudhorobha zvinosanganisira magetsi uye nzvimbo dzinorasirwa marara. Vakamutsanangurirazve kukosha kwekubhadharwa kwezvinhu izvi.

Ripai akafarira zororo iri. Akazodzokera zvake kumusha sezvo zvikoro zvakange zvave pedyo nekuvhurwa. Akaudza vamwe mashura nezviratidzo zvakange aona kuHarare.

15. Ripai akashanyira sekuru vake pazororo ripi?
    A. Ndira   B. Nyamavhuvhu   C. Zvita   D. Bandwe

16. Sekuru vaRipai vainzi ani?
    A. VaTakura   B. Tendai   C. VaNgirazi   D. VaRipai

17. Sei Ripai akafarira rwendo urwu?
    A. aida kukwira bhazi   B. aiziva Harare   C. ainge asati amboenda Harare   D. aida kuona sekuru
vake

18. Nguva dzeruvhunzavaeni ndedzipi?
    A. mangwanani-ngwanani   B. masikati   C. rudziyakamwe   D. manheru kunze kuchangotanga
kusviba

19. Ndiani akatambira Ripai paakasvika pamba pasekuru vake?
    A. Takura   B. Tendai   C. VaNgirazi   D. Nakai

20. Ndivanani vakagadzira zvokudya zvemanheru musi wasvika Ripai?
    A. Tendai   B. Nakai   C. Takura   D. Tendai naTakura

21. Ndechipi chisingabhadharwe mudhorobha pane izvi?
    A. mvura   B. magetsi   C. kufamba netsoka   D. kunorasirwa marara

22. Chinonzi machikichori chii?
    A. kufara   B. kudya   C. zvekudya zvakawanda uye zvinonaka   D. kunwa hwahwa

23. Kuita besanwa kudini?
     A. kufamba kwevanhu vakawanda vachiita zvakasiyana-siyana   B. kumhanya
C. kutengesa   D. kukurudzira vanhu kukwira mabhazi

Zadzisa nezwi rakarurama
24. Gore rakapera mwana _____ kundoona mhuka dzesango
    A. vakaenda   B. takaenda   C. akaenda   D. ndakaenda

25. Kana tadzoka _____ chingura
    A. ndakava   B. takanova   C. tichanova   D. ndichanova

Zadzisa zvakarurama
26. Apunyaira haashayi _____
    A. mari   B. dikita   C. misodzi   D. chokudya

27. Ane madyo se_____
    A. bere   B. shumba   C. svikiro   D. nguruve

Ipa izwi rakafanana nerakanyorwa nemavara makuru
28. Amai vainge vakarara zvavo paBONDE
    A. rupasa   B. panze   C. pasofa   D. pajira

29. Rudo akati haadyi MUSONI

   A. mufushwa   B. nyama   C. derere   D. tsunga

Chenga ose manhanga

Kuva mubereki kana muchengeti ane mwana akaremara zvinogona kunetsa mupfungwa kunyange mumagariro. Hurema uhu huri pakasiyana-siyana uye hunosanganisira kuve mhetamakumbo, matsi, mbeveve, bofu, husope nekurwara nepfungwa.

Humwe hurema hunogona kukonzerwa nezvirwere zvinosanganisira gomarara kana chirwere cheshuga. Vamwe vabereki vane vana vakaremara vanoita katsika kekuvavanza kuruzhinji nekuda kwezvikonzero zvakasiyana-siyana asi maitiro aya haana kunaka zvachose.

Kune vamwewo vanonzwa kuzvipa mhosva mushure mekunge vabereka mwana akaremara uye kazhinji izvi zvinokonzerwa nemafungiro asina kunaka anoitwa navanhu pamusoro pevanhu vakaremara mitezo.

Mwana chipo chinobva kuna Mwari nekudaro mubereki anofanira mwana akaremara sezvaanoita ane mitezo yakakwana. Mwana akaremara ane kodzero yekuenda kuchikoro, kuwaniswa utano nedzimwe kodzero dzose dzinopihwa kune vasina kuremara. Pamusoro pezvo sangano reAfrican Union rinokoshesawo dzidzo yevakaremara.

Izvi zviri kuitwa pasi pechirongwa cheMwalimu Julius Nyerere African Union Scholarship apo vadzidzi vakaremara vanowaniswa mukana wekuita dzidzo yepamusoro mumadhigiri anosanganisira Sainzi, Engineering nemaSvomhu. Zvose izvi zviri kuitirwa vadzidzi vakaremara, donzvo riri rekusimudzira raramo yavo uye kuti vawane mikana yakangofanana nevamwe vavo vasina kuremara.

Munyika muno mune zvikoro zvinodzidza vana vakaremara nenzira dzakasiyana vakasangana nevasina uye izvi zvinoitirwa kurwisa nyaya dzerusaruraganda. Zvisinei pachiri nezvimhingamupinyi zviri kudzorera kumashure budiriro yedzidzo yevana vakaremara zvinosanganisira kushaikwa kwezvivakwa uye zvifambiso zvinoenderana navo.

30. Ndivanaani vanonyanyonetseka kana mumhuri maita mwana akaremara?

   A. vabereki nemhetamakubo   B. vabereki nevachengeti vevana

C. sangano reAfrican Union   D. vabereki nevane husope

31. Hurema hungani hwataurwa mundima?

   A. huna   B. hushanu   C. hutanhatu   D. hunomwe

32. Kubva mundima ndezvipi zvinhu zvanzi zvinokonzera hurema?

   A. katsika kekuvanza hurema   B. kurwara nepfungwa

   C. kuve nemhetamakumbo   D. gomarara kana chirwere cheshuga

33. Nderipi izwi riri mundima rinoreva munhu anorarama nehurema hwekusanzwa?

   A. mhetamakumbo   B. matsi   C. mbeveve   D. bofu

34. Chii chinokonzera kuti vamwe vabereki vazvipe mhosva mushure mekunge vabereka mwana akaremara?

   A. Mafungiro akaipa anoitwa nevanhu pamusoro pehurema

   B. Kunetseka mupfungwa nemagariro

   C. Kuvanza vana kuruzhinji rwevanhu

   D. Kubata mwana akaremara sezvinoitwa vane mitezo yakakwana

35. Mwana akaremara ane kodzero_____

   A. yemitezo yakakwana   B. yechipo chinobva kuna Mwari

   C. yekuwaniswa utano   D. yekuhwanzwa kuruzhinji

36. Nderipi boka rataurwa mundima rinokoshesa dzidzo yevakaremara?
   A. Arican Union   B. Mwalimu Julius Nyerere Scholarship   C. Union Scholarship   D. Scholarship

37. Nemhaka yei munyika muine zvikoro zvakasiyana-siyana zvevakaremara vakasangana nevasina?
   A. vakaremara vawanewo madhigiri   B. kuti vakaremara vadzidzewo Svomhu, Engineering neSainzi
   C. kuti vakaremara vawanewo utano   D. kurwisa nyaya dzerusaruraganda

38. Ndeapi matambudziko ari kudzorera budiriro yedzidzo yevakaremara kumashure?
   A. kushaya mimwe mitezo   B. kuvanzwa kuruzhinji
   C. rusaruraganda   D. kushaikwa kwezvivakwa nezvekufambisa

39. Mashoko ekuti 'chenga ose manhanga' angaenderana neekuti_____
   A. mwana chipo chinobva kuna Mwari   B. vana vakaremara vawane mikana
   C. vana vakaremara ngavaite madhigiri   D. kuremara kunonetsa vabereki

   Sarudza musoro wakanyorwa zvakanaka
40. A. Tatenda ane hanzvadzi ngani?
    B. tatenda ane hanzvadzi ngani.
    C. Tatenda, ane hanzvadzi ngani.
    D. Tatenda! Ane hanzvadzi ngani

CHIKAMU CHEKUTANGA RONDEDZERO   (MAMAKISI 20)

Sarudza musoro mumwe chete kubva pane inotevera. Zvino chinyora muChiShona chakanaka rondedzero ine mazwi anosvika zana nemakumi maviri. Ukasarudza tsamba mutumbi wayo ngauve nemazwi zana nemakumi maviri.

1. Zuva randakanaiwa nemvura zhinji.

2. Nyora rondedzero inodudzira tsumo yekuti mhosva haiori.

3, Nyora nhaurirano pakati pemukuru wezveutano nemwana wechikoro vachikurukura pamusoro pechirwere chanetsa munharaunda.

4. Nyora tsamba kumupepeti wenhau reKwayedza uchimutenda zvikuru pane zvaakabudisa mupepanhau resvondo rakapera zvaunofunga kuti zvichabatsira vadzidzi.

5. Nyora mhan'arwa kumukuru wechikoro chenyu uchitsanangura nezvekurumwa nenyoka kwakaitwa mumwe mwana achitamba muuswa pachikoro.

CHIKAMU CHECHIPIRI NZWISISO   (MAMAKISI 10)

Verenga ngano inotevera ugopindura mibvunzo inotevera pazasi.

Makare-kare pasi pasati parohwa nenyundo kwaiva nemumwe mukadzi aiva shirikadzi. Murume wake akange akatorwa nemadundundu. Zvino akasiiwa ane vana vana, wekutanga ainzi Mufemberi, wechipiri ainzi Munyurure. Wechitatu ainzi Marimbanidze wekupedzisira achinzi Mamutse. Vana ava vaive vavhimi.

Rimwe zuva vana vakaenda kundovhima vachibva vaona zizai zihombe, vakaritora vakanopa amai vavo. Amai vakabva vati zai iro ngarichengetwe kuti vazoone kuti munososodzwei. Nguva yaswedera muchibva mabuda nhiyo. Nhiyo yakaramba ichikura kusvika yave zishiri ziguruguru raizezesa kutarisa. Vakamboda kuriuraya vakarisiya. Mumwe musi vana vabva kunovhima vakaona amai vavo vasipo pamusha, zishiri riya pasisina pamusha.

Mushure mekushushikana vamwe vana vakati Mufemberi ngaafembere kwaiva kwaenda mai vavo. Mufemberi akavaudza kuti amai vakange vauraiwa nezishiri vakanokandwa mudziva remvura. Vasvika padziva Manyurure akanzi ngaanyurure amai kubva mumvura chibva aita saizvozvo. Marimbanidze akanzi ngaabatanidze mai achibva avabatanidza. Wekupedzisira ainzi Mamutse akanzi ngaamutse amai. Amai vakabva vamuka vachifara nemhuri yavo.

Chishamiso chakazouya apo vana vakarwira chityu chemombe iyo vakaurairwa ndiamai kuti vadye, vachitenda kuti vaive vamutswa kubva mukufa. Vana vaye vakabva vatadza kunzwisisana nekuti mumwe nemumwe aiti ndiye aiva akakosha kudarika mumwe vachibva vapedzana vachiurayana nekuda kwekudya chityu. Amai vakabva vasara voga. Ndipo pakaperera sarungano.

Pindura mibvunzo zvizere nemutauro wakanaka

1. Kubva mundima mukadzi akafirwa nemurume anonzi chii?

2. Ndiani wakanyurura amai mudziva?

3. Izwi riri mundima rinoreva zvimwe chete nerokuti 'kushungurudzikana' mupfungwa nderipi?

4. Kuratidza mufaro wavo amai vakaitirei vana vavo apo vakamutswa kubva mukufa?

5. Chii chikonzero chakaita kuti vana vaurayane?

6. Mumazwi makumi matatu nemashanu nyora pfupiso uchitaura zvakaitwa nevana vari mundima kuti amai vavo vamuke.